

Subject card

Subject name and code	Fundamentals of power electronics, PG_00058372							
Field of study	Hydrogen Technologies and Electromobility							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	ation level first-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
						Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	4		ECTS credits			4.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	Assessment form		exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Power Electronics and Electrical Machines -> Faculty of Electrical and Control Engineering							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Ryszard Strzelecki					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		60
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	5.0		5.0	35.0			100
Subject objectives	Getting acquainted with the principles of power electronic energy conversion.							
	Getting acquainted with the structures of power electronic systems.							
	Getting acquainted with the methods of designing converter systems.							

Data wygenerowania: 22.11.2024 00:24 Strona 1 z 3

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification				
	[K6_W10] knows the principles of the processing, use and rational use of electricity, including the principles of electric traction in various transport systems	He is competent to use the criteria to evaluate the quality of electricity, distinguishes the applications of types of power electronic systems	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects				
	[K6_K01] is aware of the need for continuous education and self-improvement in the field of the profession of an electrician and knows the possibilities of further education	The ability to evaluate one's skills and knowledge of power electronics and the ability to various forms of self-education and professional development.	[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice [SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness [SK2] Assessment of progress of work [SK1] Assessment of group work skills				
	[K6_U01] Is able to obtain information from literature, databases and other sources, integrate them, interpret them and draw conclusions and formulate opinions; has the ability to self-educate m.in. in order to improve professional competences	He uses terms from the area of power electronics, is able to use knowledge from other modules and subjects.	[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment				
	[K6_W03] knows the methods of analysis of DC and AC circuits, the laws of electrical engineering and the properties of elements of electrical circuits	Can make an elementary analysis of power electronic circuits. Can identify the exposures of power electronic circuit elements.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects				
ousjoot oomene	The relevance of power electronics in modern electrical engineering. Power electronic switches - overview of technology, principles of operation and characteristics. Power electronic passive components, Thermal models-cooling of components. Diode rectifier operation, properties, use of data specifications. Theory of mpulse diode rectifiers. Overview of thyristor circuits. Power factor of converters. Overview of modulation theory as applied to converter systems. Switch-mode DC-DC converters. Single-phase inverter with square output voltage and PWM control. Three-phase bridge inverter. Active rectifiers and PFC systems, power factor correction. Fundamentals of resonant converters and multilevel converters. Overview of electromagnetic compatibility problems of power electronic systems. Selected issues of converter design, protective circuits, control systems.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Overall knowledge of the topics of electrical engineering, electronics, circuit theory including an understanding of the principles of commutation. Ability to analyze electrical circuits in steady state and transient states.						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	lab credit	60.0%	30.0%				
	credit colloquium	60.0%	30.0%				
	exam	60.0%	40.0%				
Recommended reading	1. Nowak M., Barlik R. Handbook of a power electronics engineer. Volume1, WNT Publishing House, Warsaw 2014, 2nd edition, 2 p 2. Nowak M., Barlik R, Rąbkowski J. Handbook of a power electronics engineer. Volume 2, WNT Publishing House, Warsa 2015, 523 p 3. Guziński J, Iwan K, Łuszcz J. Musznicki P.: Laboratory of powe electronics fundamentals. Gdansk University of Technology Publishing House, Gdansk						

Data wygenerowania: 22.11.2024 00:24 Strona 2 z 3

	Supplementary literature				
		 Mohan N., Undeland T.M., Robbins W.P., Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and Design, 3rd Edition, John Willey & Sons, Inc, 2003. Tunia H., Smirnow A., Nowak M., Barlik R.: Systems. Power electronics. Warsaw: WNT 1998. Kaźmierkowski M.P., Matysik J.T., Introduction to electronics and Power Electronics, Publishing House of the Warsaw University of Technology, Warsaw 2005. Dmowski A: Power electronic systems of direct current power supply in telecommunications and power engineering. Warsaw: WNT 1998. R.W.Erickson, D. Maksimović: Fundamentals of Power Electronics, Rd.3, Springer Cham, 2020 			
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:			
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	 At the input of an ideal low-pass filter is periodically applied a voltage pulse with such a filling that its rms value is E/2. What is the average value of the voltage at the output of this filter? Draw a diagram of a three-phase bridge diode rectifier with an output LC filter loaded with resistance R. Assuming that the loaded filter draws a smooth current of I, draw the waveforms of the currents in both diodes of one of the bridge branches and the phase current of the AC supply. The transformerless DC-DC boost converter operates with a continuous current in the inductance (in continuous mode). This circuit is supplied with 5V and is loaded with an average current of 0.2A at an output voltage of 12V. The circuit uses a MOSFET transistor with rds(on)=50m. Estimate the conduction loss in this transistor assuming that the current ripple in the inductance is negligible. 				
Work placement	Not applicable				

Document generated electronically. Does not require a seal or signature.

Data wygenerowania: 22.11.2024 00:24 Strona 3 z 3