

§ GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY § OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Laser Technology, PG_00048086							
Field of study	Electronics and Telecommunications							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject			2026/2027		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	3		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	6		ECTS credits		2.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Metrology and Optoelectronics -> Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Informatics							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Jerzy Pluciński					
	Teachers		dr hab. inż. Jerzy Pluciński					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		18.0		50
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the principle of the construction and operation of lasers, with their types and parameters and the rules of their safe use, as well as skills in measurement of laser beam parameters.							

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	[K6_W03] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum	He compares the properties of the laser beam with optical radiation from other sources, explains the structure and operation of continuous and pulsed lasers, explains the methods of tuning lasers, describes the factors destabilizing the operation of lasers and discusses the principles of their stabilization. He lists the basic types of lasers and their typical parameters, presents laser safety classes.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_W02] knows and understands, to an advanced extent, selected laws of physics and physical phenomena as well as methods and theories explaining the complex relationships between them, constituting the basic general knowledge in the field of technical sciences related to the field of study	He explains the phenomenon of absorption, emission and stimulated emission, knows the Einstein equations describing these phenomena, knows the concept of population inversion.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U06] can analyse the operation of components, circuits and systems related to the field of study, measure their parameters and examine technical specifications	He measures the parameters of optical modulators used in laser technology, analyzes the operation of optical elements using the phenomenon of laser beam diffraction, makes measurements using lasers, including the optical properties of selected media.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
	[K6_U05] can plan and conduct experiments related to the field of study, including computer simulations and measurements; interpret obtained results and draw conclusions	He performs light interference experiments.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
	 Introduction, historical background. Properties of laser beam. Temporal coherence of laser beam; coherence length, coherence time. Spatial coherence of laser beam; laser beam divergence, beam focusing. Main elements of lasers: optical amplifier, optical resonator; optical feedback. Absorption, spontaneous emission, stimulated emission Einstein's coefficients. Laser pumping: optical pumping, atom collisions, carrier injection into p-n junction, chemical reactions. Light amplification in laser. Setups of optical resonators configurations and applications. Stability of optical resonators. Longitudinal laser modes. Transverse laser modes. Tunable lasers. Sources of laser stabilization. Laser frequency stabilization using maximum of amplification curve or Lamb dip. Laser frequency stabilization using Zeeman effect. Laser swith switchable gain. Q-switching lasers. Mode-locking lasers. Mode-locking lasers. Soliton lasers. Trequency sweep lasers. Soliton lasers. Type of lasers and its parameters. 					
Prerequisites and co-requisites	No requirements					
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and criteria	Midterm colloquium	50.0%	60.0%			
	Practical exercise	50.0%	40.0%			

Recommended reading	Basic literature Supplementary literature eResources addresses	 O. Svelto: Principles of Lasers, 4th Edition. Plenum Press, New York, 1998. B. Ziętek: Lasery. Wyd. 2., Wydawnictwo Naukowe UMK. Toruń, 2015. K. Barat: Laser Safety Management, CRC, Boca Raton, 2006. B. E. A. Saleh, M. C. Teich: Fundamentals of Photonics, 2nd Edition. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2007. Control of Hazards to Health from Laser Radiation, Technical Bulletin Medical 254, Headquarters, Department of The Army, Washington, DC, 2006. F. Täger: Springer Handbook of Lasers and Optics, Springer, Berlin, 2007. No requirements
		Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed		
Work placement	Not applicable	