



## Subject card

Subject name and code	Organic chemistry, PG_00054692						
Field of study	Biotechnology						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject		2025/2026		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits		3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Organic Chemistry -> Faculty of Chemistry -> Wydziały Politechniki Gdańskiej						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. Sławomir Makowiec				
	Teachers		dr hab. Sławomir Makowiec  dr inż. Jan Alfuth  dr inż. Monika Gensicka-Kowalewska				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
	eNauczanie source addresses: Moodle ID: 1667 CHEMIA ORGANICZNA <a href="https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/2025/course/view.php?id=1667">https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/2025/course/view.php?id=1667</a>						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	45		5.0		25.0	75
Subject objectives	A main goal is to teach students basic problems of organic chemistry including: the structure, properties reactions and reactions mechanisms of organic compounds						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	K6_W03		The student has a basic knowledge of the properties of organic and natural compounds and knows and understands the most important reaction mechanisms used to obtain organic compounds		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	K6_U02		Student is able to apply knowledge of general, physical and quantum chemistry necessary to predict the properties of biomolecules and the course of bioprocesses		[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject		

Subject contents	<p><b>Chemical Bonding and Molecular Properties.</b> Bond Structure, Orbitals, Hybridization. The Structure of Methane, Ethene, and Ethyne - Sp<sup>3</sup>, Sp<sup>2</sup>, and Sp Hybridization. Polar Covalent Bonds; Electronegativity, Dipole Moment. Intermolecular Interactions. Chemical Structures, Formal Charges, Resonance. Acids and Bases in Organic Chemistry (Brønsted-Lowry, Lewis, and Pearson Theories).</p> <p><b>Alkanes and Cycloalkanes - Constitutional and Geometric Isomerism.</b> IUPAC Nomenclature of Alkanes. Spatial Arrangement of Atoms in Saturated Hydrocarbon Molecules. Free-Radical Substitution. Conformational Analysis.</p> <p><b>Halogenated Derivatives of Aliphatic Hydrocarbons.</b> Structure, Nomenclature, and Methods for Preparing Haloalkanes. Nucleophilic Substitution and Elimination Reactions. Optical Isomerism. Stereoisomers chiral molecules, enantiomers and diastereomers, configuration, CIP rules.</p> <p><b>Unsaturated Hydrocarbons Alkenes and Alkynes.</b> Classification and Nomenclature (Z/E alkenes, alkynes, alkadienes). Physical and Chemical Properties of Alkenes and Their Structure. Addition and Elimination Reactions. Properties, Reactivity, and Preparation of Alkynes The Concept of Tautomerism.</p> <p><b>Aromatic Hydrocarbons.</b> The Essence of Aromaticity, Reactivity, and Substituent Effects.</p> <p><b>Alcohols</b> Classification and Nomenclature of Alcohols. Properties of Alcohols Their Acidity and Basicity, Hydrogen Bond Formation. Reactions involving the Breaking of Carbon-Oxygen and Oxygen-Hydrogen Bonds.</p> <p><b>Ethers, Epoxides.</b> Ethers Structure and Nomenclature. Methods for obtaining chain and ring ethers. Ethers as solvents. . Epoxides and their reactions.</p> <p><b>Organomagnesium compounds</b> Preparation, properties and use in organic synthesis</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge of inorganic and general chemistry, valence; concept of acids, bases and salts; types of reactions; molecular geometry.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Mini lecture tests in e-learning	60.0%	15.0%
	Practical exercise, tests	60.0%	40.0%
	Midterm colloquium	60.0%	45.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. J. D. Caserio, M. C. Roberts CHEMIA ORGANICZNA, PWN Warszawa, 1969  2. R. T. Morrison, R. N. Boyd CHEMIA ORGANICZNA, PWN Warszawa, 1997  3. J. McMurry CHEMIA ORGANICZNA, PWN Warszawa, 2017	
	Supplementary literature	1. J. March CHEMIA ORGANICZNA - Reakcje, mechanizmy, budowa, WNT Warszawa 1975  2. H. O. House NOWOCZESNE REAKCJE SYNTEZY ORGANICZNEJ, PWN Warszawa 1979  3. T. W. G. Solomons ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - 6th ed, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York, 1996	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	What conditions must a molecule meet to be aromatic? How effectively can the p orbitals of two carbon atoms overlap? Why does the addition of HCl to 2-methylpropene produce primarily 2-methyl-2-chloropropane? How do you obtain n-butylbenzene? Will KOH abstract a proton from acetylene? Why does nitration of toluene occur at the ortho and para positions?		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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