

## 。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Mathematics 1, PG_00061673								
Field of study	Recycling and Energy Recovery								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/2025			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			6.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			exam			
Conducting unit	Mathematics Center -> Vice-Rector For Education								
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr Krzysztof Radziszewski							
	Teachers		mgr inż. Dorota Żarek						
	dr Krzysztof Radziszewski								
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	40.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	70	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation in dida classes included in plan					Self-study SUM			
	Number of study hours	udy 70		5.0		75.0		150	
Subject objectives	Students obtain competence in the range of using methods of mathematical analysis and knowledge how to solve simple problems that can be found in the field of engineering.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K6_U01] applies knowledge of mathematics and other exact sciences and engineering disciplines to solve theoretical, engineering and technological problems and issues.		Student solves equations and inequalities with elementary functions. Student defines basic notions of differential calculus of one variable function. Student determines intervals of monotonicity of a given functions and its extrema. Student applies the basic rules and techniques of integration to calculate indefinite.			[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
	[K6_W01] demonstrates knowledge and understanding of mathematics and other exact sciences and engineering disciplines at the level necessary to solve theoretical, engineering and technological problems and issues.		Student solves equations and inequalities with elementary functions. Student defines basic notions of differential calculus of one variable function. Student determines intervals of monotonicity of a given functions and its extrema. Student applies the basic rules and techniques of integration to calculate indefinite. Student recognizes the importance of skillful use of basic mathematical apparatus in terms of study in future.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			

Subject contents	Functions of one variable and their properties: The absolute value function definition, solving equations and inequalities with absolute value, graphs of functions with absolute value. Power functions solving power and polynomial equations and inequalities. Rational functions solving national equations and inequalities. Exponential function properties and graphs, solving exponential equations and inequalities. Logarithmic functions properties and graphs, solving logarithmic equations and inequalities. Logarithmic functions properties and graphs, solving logarithmic equations and inequalities. Logarithmic functions properties and graphs, solving trigonometric equations and inequalities Limits and continuity: Infinite sequences. Fundamental definitions of limit of sequence, convergence and divergence, limit theorems. Applications to solving equation. Differential calculus of functions with one variable and applications of differential calculus of one variable functions: Definition of first derivative and differential. Rolls and Lagranges theorems. Higher derivatives and differentials. Monotonicity and local extrema. Convexity, concavity and inflexion points of a function. De lHospitals Thorem. Asymptotes. Applications of differential calculus to studying properties of one variable functions. Inegral calculus of functions with one variable antiderivatives: The process of finding antiderivatives and integration formulas the substitution method of integration and integration by parts. Integration of rational, trigonometric and irrational functions.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites							
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
	Written exam	50.0%	60.0%				
	Midterm colloquium	50.0%	40.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. Praca zbiorowa pod redakcją B. Wikieł, Matematyka - Podstawy z elementami matematyki wyższej, PG, Gdańsk 2007. 2. K. Jankowska, T. Jankowski, Zbiór zadań z matematyki, PG, Gdańsk 1997. 3. Praca zbiorowa pod red. E. Mieloszyka, Matematyka Materiały pomocnicze do ćwiczeń, PG, Gdańsk 2004. 4. R. Leitner, Zarys matematyki wyższej I i II, Wydawnictwo Naukowo-Techniczne, Warszawa 2001. 5. R. Leitner, W. Matuszewski, Z. Rojek, Zadania z matematyki wyższej I i II, Wydawnictwo Naukowo-Techniczne, Warszawa 1999.					
	Supplementary literature	6. M. Gewert, Z. Skoczylas, Analiza matematyczna 1 Definicje, twierdzenia, wzory, Oficyna Wydawnicza GiS, Wrocław 2001. 7. M. Gewert, Z. Skoczylas, Analiza matematyczna 1 Przykłady i zadania, Oficyna Wydawnicza GiS, Wrocław 2001. 8. W. Krysicki, L. Włodarski, Analiza matematyczna w zadaniach I, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 1998.					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: WILiŚ+WCH - IOSiE sem.1 - Matematyka 2024/25 (K.Radziszewski) - Moodle ID: 38942 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=38942 IOSiE sem I ćw Matematyka 2024/2025 (D.Żarek) - Moodle ID: 39379 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=39379					
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ol> <li>Find the domain and the set of values of the function f(x)=arcsin(3x-2). Determine the inverse function of f.</li> <li>Find the derivative of y=4x(3x<sup>2</sup>+5)<sup>5</sup>.</li> <li>Sketch the graph of the function f(x)=x-lnx. Identify any local extrema and points of inflection.</li> <li>Find the absolute extrema of f(x)=4x-36x<sup>-1</sup> on the interval [1,6].</li> <li>Calculate 4x<sup>2</sup> lnx dx.</li> </ol>						
	5. Calculate 4x <sup>2</sup> lnx dx.						

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