Subject card


| Subject contents | A vector space, a basis of a vector space, linear mappings, the matrix of a linear mapping. Eigenvalues, eigenvectors of a linear mapping. Tensor calculus. The basic notions of variational calculus. Extrema of a functional. Fourier series. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prerequisites and co-requisites | Completed undergraduate. |  |  |
| Assessment methods and criteria | Subject passing criteria | Passing threshold | Percentage of the final grade |
|  | written exam, 90 minutes | 50.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Recommended reading | Basic literature | F.Leja, Rachunek różniczkowy i całkowy, Państwowe wydawnictwo naukowe, Warszawa 1978, W. Kołodziej, Wybrane rozdziały analizy matematycznej, Państwowe Wydawnictwo Naukowe, 1970. Wyd. 1, Jacek Komorowski, Od liczb zespolonych do tensorów, spinorów, algebr Liego i kwadryk, Państwowe Wydawnictwo Naukowe, Warszawa 1978. <br> Uzupełniajaca lista |  |
|  | Supplementary literature | Brak zaleceń |  |
|  | eResources addresses |  |  |
| Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed | 1. Show that the vectors $1,1+x, 1+x+x 2,1+x+x 2+x 3$ form a basis of the vector space consisting of all polynomials of deegree at most 3 . <br> 2. Find the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors of the linear mapping $T([x, y, z])=] 2 x+2 z, 4 y, 2 x+2 z]$, find the matrix of this linear mapping in the basis of eigenvectors. <br> 3.Find extrema of the functional $J[y]=1.2\left(y^{\prime}\right) 3 \mathrm{dx}$ with the conditions $\mathrm{y}(1)=0, \mathrm{y}(2)=1$. <br> 4. Find the Fourier series for the function $f(x)=-x,-\pi \leq x \leq 0, f(x)=x, 0 \leq x \leq \pi$. |  |  |
| Work placement | Not applicable |  |  |

