

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Design of supply systems, PG_00064725							
Field of study	Management and Production Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	February 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Specialty subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			4.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	ssment form		exam		
Conducting unit	Zakład Technologii Maszyn i Automatyzacji Produkcji -> Institute of Manufacturing and Materials Technology -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Aleksandra Wiśniewska					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	15.0		0.0	60
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	60		9.0		31.0		100
Subject objectives	The student learns th knowledge and perfo and warehousing, the a supply system and ending with efficient of	rming simple e student can ir an optimized te	xercises relate	d to the analyze lesign a logistic	ed area: s syster	s of issu n, start	ues in the fiel	d of logistics development of

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K7_W01] explains and describes, on the basis of general knowledge in the field of scientific disciplines creating the theoretical basis for Management and Production Engineering, the structure and principles of operation of production systems and processes and their elements, as well as methods and means of their integration and control	The student is able to independently design elements of a logistics system, taking into account the company's goals and the principles of logistics.	[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
	[K7_K12] is ready for fullfiling social commitement and initation of actions for public interest including entrepreneurial thinking and acting	The student demonstrates readiness to implement and initiate actions to optimize logistics taking into account the public interest and entrepreneurship.	[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice
	[K7_U04] creatively designs or modifies, in whole or at least in part, production and technological systems and processes, in accordance with the given specifications, taking into account technical and non-technical aspects, estimating costs and using known design techniques appropriate for tasks in the field of Management and Production Engineering	The student is able to describe the principles of operation of logistics systems, methods of their integration and control.	[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject
	[K7_U15] evaluates the feasibility of advanced methods and tools for solving complex engineering tasks of a practical nature, characteristic of the field of study, and selects and applies appropriate methods and tools for this purpose	The student is able to select and apply appropriate analysis tools and techniques for a complex logistics task.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools

Subject contents					
Subject contents	Lectures content (30 hours)				
	 Logistics Definitions and Objectives Detailed contents: History of logistics, contemporary importance of logistics in the supply chain, role of logistics in production and services. Logistic system and process; transportability of various product ranges 				
	 Project topic: Optimization of logistics processes in a selected manufacturing or service enterprise. Scope: Analysis of the company's structure and logistics processes. Process mapping: sales, storage, supply, transport, production, complaints. Development of process cards for the main departments (e.g. storage of semi-finished products, production). Proposals for improving logistics processes taking into account Lean principles and cost effectiveness. Implementation method: Group work, case studies, computer simulations. 				
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge of issues related to project management and human resources.				
and conceptiones	Knowledge of issues related to the	basics of production and service n	nanagement.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade		
	egzamin	60.0%	30.0%		
	project	60.0%	35.0%		
	exercises	60.0%	35.0%		

Recommended reading	Basic literature	
		Szymonik Andrzej , Chudzik Daniel, Nowoczesna koncepcja logistyki produkcji, Difin 2020
		Rudawska Anna, Logistyka procesów produkcji, Wydawnictwa Komunikacji i Łączności WKŁ 2016
		Gwynne Richards, Zarządzanie logistyką magazynową, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN 2021
		Jacyna Marianna, Lewczuk Konrad, Projektowanie systemów logistycznych., PWN 2016
		Bukowski L., Zapewnienie ciągłości dostaw w zmiennym i niepewnym otoczeniu., WSB 2016
		Materials and articles provided by the teacher
	Supplementary literature	Wojewódzka-Król Krystyna , Rolbiecki Ryszard, Infrastruktura transportu. Europa, Polska teoria i praktyka, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN 2018
		Pfohl Hans-Christian, Zarządzanie logistyką. Funkcje i Instrumenty., Biblioteka logistyka 1998
		Skowronek Czesław, Sarjusz-Wolski Zdzisław, Logistyka w przedsiębiorstwie., PWE 2013
		Materials and articles provided by the teacher
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:

Example issues/					
example questions/	Theoretical Questions				
tasks being completed	1. Definitions and Fundamentals of Logistics				
	 What are the basic objectives of logistics and what is the importance of logistics in the activities of 				
	manufacturing companies?				
	Explain the difference between supply logistics, production logistics and distribution logistics.				
	 Logistics System and Logistics Process What is a logistics system? List its components. 				
	 Explain the concept of transportability and provide examples of goods that require special transport 				
	conditions.				
	3. Logistics Infrastructure				
	 What are the basic types of warehouses and what functions do they perform in logistics systems? What is the Pareto principle and how is it applied in warehousing? 				
	4. Inventory Management				
	 Discuss the differences between the ABC/XYZ, EOQ and MRP methods in inventory management.i. 				
	Explain the JIT (Just-in-Time) principle and describe its advantages and disadvantages in the				
	context of supply logistics. 5. Design of Logistics Systems				
	 What factors should be considered when designing a warehouse layout? 				
	 Explain how a logistics system can be optimized using throughput analysis. 				
	6. Efficiency of logistics systems				
	 What performance indicators (KPIs) are used to assess the efficiency of logistics systems? Discuss how the efficiency of transport systems can be measured and assessed. 				
	7. Legal regulations in logistics				
	What EU regulations affect the functioning of logistics systems in Poland?				
	List and describe the basic technical supervision regulations that should be taken into account in				
	logistics systems.				
	Practical issues				
	1. Case studies				
	 Present an example of the application of Pareto analysis in a warehouse - what part of the 				
	assortment would you select for detailed inspection and why?				
	 Please develop a plan for optimizing transport resources in a manufacturing company using selected goods as an example. 				
	2. Warehouse design				
	 Design a warehouse layout for a company selling car parts. Take into account the flow of goods, 				
	the layout of storage zones and the technical means needed to service the warehouse.				
	 Flow and throughput planning Please explain how the flow of goods in a transport network can be optimized. Use the shortest 				
	path method or Dijkstra's algorithm.				
	 Provide an example of resource allocation optimization in a logistics network. What factors should 				
	be considered when planning throughput?				
	 Vehicle and pallet capacity Calculate the optimal number of pallets needed to transport the selected product. Take into account 				
	the vehicle capacity and the dimensions of the product.				
	 Describe how the appropriate arrangement of goods on a pallet affects transport efficiency. 				
	5. Analysis and evaluation of the efficiency of logistics systems				
	 Please select two KPIs used in logistics and discuss their role in assessing the efficiency of the supply system 				
	 supply system. Analyze the selected logistics system in terms of the efficiency of warehouse processes - indicate 				
	optimization possibilities.				
	Design questions				
	1. Manning legistics processes				
	 Mapping logistics processes What information should be included in the storage process card? Please provide an example card. 				
	 Please identify and describe the main stages of the logistics process for the sales process in a 				
	manufacturing company.				
	2. Optimization of logistics processes				
	 Select a logistics process (e.g. storage of semi-finished products, transport) and propose improvement actions that will affect its efficiency. 				
	 Please develop optimization proposals for the supply process in the company, taking into account 				
	the principles of Lean Management.				
	3. Warehouse space design concept				
	 Please design a warehouse space for a company that distributes household appliances, taking into account different types of goods and optimizing their layout. 				
	 What elements should be included when designing the goods receipt and issue zone in the 				
	warehouse?				
	Learning outcomes and assessment				
	Learning outcome 1: Logistics system design and entimization tasks related to the design of				
	 Learning outcome 1: Logistics system design and optimization - tasks related to the design of warehouse space, process cards and optimization of logistics processes. 				
	 Learning outcome 2: Ability to analyze and act entrepreneurially - questions about KPIs, inventory 				
	management and methods such as JIT and design aspects related to flow planning w.				
	 Learning outcome 3: Description of the structure and operating principles of systems - theoretical questions about logistics infrastructure information flow and inventory management systems 				
	 questions about logistics infrastructure, information flow and inventory management systems. Learning outcome 4: Selection of tools and methods - practical and design questions related to the 				
	analysis of flows and the selection of optimal management methods in logistics.				
Work placement	Not applicable				

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