

## Subject card

Subject name and code	CFD modeling and simulations, PG_00064754								
Field of study	Power Engineering								
Date of commencement of studies	February 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Specialty subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			2.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Geotechnical and Hydraulic Engineering -> Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering					Engineering			
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Dariusz Gąsiorowski						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers								
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	30	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation in classes include plan				Self-study SUM				
	Number of study hours	30		7.0		13.0		50	
Subject objectives	Mastering the basic computational techniques of the fluid dynamics used in heating and ventilation systems.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K7_W04] demonstrates knowledge encompassing selected issues in the field of advanced detailed knowledge, particularly in the scope of methods, techniques, tools, and algorithms specific to Power Engineering		The student describes the solution of an engineering problem using computer modeling based on ComputationI Fluid Dynamics techniques.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects			
	[K7_W02] demonstrates structured and theory supported knowledge encompassing key issues in the field of Power Engineering, enabling modeling and analysis of energy systems, machines and devices, transmission grids and internal installations		describing problems related to the flows in systems such as			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects			
	[K7_U01] utilizes acquired analytical, simulation, and experimental methods, as well as mathematical models for analysis and evaluation of energy systems, machines and devices, transmission grids and internal installations		The student is able to use knowledge of the basics of numerical methods and mathematical methods to describe and analyze installations.			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			

Data wygenerowania: 05.02.2025 18:42 Strona 1 z 2

Subject contents	LECTURE: Basic physical properties of fluids. General equations describing fluid dynamics models. Compressible viscous fluid model. Simplified models of fluid dynamics: an incompressible inviscid flow and an incompressible viscous flow. Laminar and turbulent flow. Boundary layer in incompressible and compressible fluid models for laminar and turbulent flow. Determination of an averaged characteristics of turbulent flow. Reynolds equations. Basic models of turbulence. Classification of equations. Formulating problems of solving fluid dynamics equations - correct setting of boundary conditions. Fluid dynamics equations in the curvilinear coordinate system. Transformation between physical and computational coordinate systems. Generating numerical grids.Numerical solution of differential equations with partial derivatives. Finite difference method, finite element method, finite volume method, control volume method. Accuracy and stability of a numerical solution: numerical diffusion error and numerical dispersion error. Effectiveness of the numerical solution. Parallelization of the computation process using multiprocessor computers. Techniques of decomposition with respect to space and processes. Solution of the problem of water flow in a pipeline with variable geometry, taking into account heat transfer. Solutions to the problem of smoke spreading in the building.  LABORATORY: Learning computer modeling with ANSYS Fluent software. Modeling of water flow in a pipeline with variable geometry including heat transfer. Modeling of convective air flow in a room.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge from the lectures: Mat	hematics, Basic Computer Science, I	Fluid Mechanics, Numerical Methods.				
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	Test	60.0%	50.0%				
	Laboratory reports	60.0%	50.0%				
Recommended reading	Supplementary literature	Fletcher C.A.J.: Computational Techniques for Fluid Mechanics Volume 1, Fundamental and General Techniques. Springer, 1991.  Fletcher C.A.J.: Computational Techniques for Fluid Mechanics Volume 2, Specific Techniques for Different Flow Categories. Springer, 1991.  Fletcher C.A.J.: Computational Techniques for Fluid Mechanics Volume 3, A Solution Manual. Springer, 1991.  Patankar S.V.: Numerical Heat Transfer and Fluid Flow. McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1980  Szymkiewicz R., Huang Suiliang, Szymkiewicz A.: Introduction to					
	Supplementary literature	Szymkiewicz R., Huang Suiliang, Computational Engineering Hydra Technology, 2016	Szymkiewicz A.: Introduction to aulics, Gdańsk University of				
	eResources addresses Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:						
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Determination of the temperature distribution for the convective air flow  Generating a numerical grid in three-dimensional space.						
Work placement	Not applicable	Not applicable					

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Data wygenerowania: 05.02.2025 18:42 Strona 2 z 2