

## Subject card

Subject name and code	MODERN METHODS OF SYNTHESIS, PG_00053226								
Field of study	Chemistry								
Date of commencement of studies	February 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/2025			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			4.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit									
Name and surname	Department of Organic Chemistry -> Faculty of Chemistry  Subject supervisor prof. dr hab. inż. Dariusz Witt								
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers								
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	:t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	•	0.0	45	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation in classes include plan				Self-study		SUM		
	Number of study 45 hours			10.0		45.0		100	
Subject objectives	Students study the modern synthetic methods for preparation of organic compound. The possibility of coupling reactions based on the organic boron, tin, zinc, and silicon derivatives catalyzed by Pt, Pd, Cu and Ni complexes are discussed.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	K7_W02		Student can recognize dangerous reactions and prevent unexpected accident. Student is able to assemble correctly apparatus for synthesis, distillation and crystallization. Student knows the precautions for safe work with chemicals			[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects			
	K7_K04		Student is familiar with analytical techniques required for identification and structure analysis of organic compound.			[SK2] Assessment of progress of work			
	K7_K01		Student understands modern chemical transformations.			[SK2] Assessment of progress of work			
	K7_U02		Student is able to design conditions of experiment to accomplish task.			[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
Subject contents	Carbon-Carbon Bond-Forming Reactions Based on the organoboranes, organosilanes, and organostannanes. The coupling reactions: Negishi, Sonogashira, and Buchwald-Hartwig cross coupling reaction.								
Prerequisites and co-requisites									
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria		Passing threshold				Percentage of the final grade		
	test multisten synthesis					50.0%			
	multistep synthesis		60.0%			50.0%			

asic literature	1. F.A. Carey, R.J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry									
	2. L. Couraéaki, K. Couraéaka, K. Kaanzak, M. Kuit, Wanékazaana									
	J. Gawroński, K. Gawrońska, K. Kasprzak, M. Kwit, Współczesna synteza organiczna, Wybór eksperymentów									
	J. i K. Gawrońscy, Wybór ćwiczeń z zaawansowanej chemii organicznej									
	4. A. I. Vogel, Preparatyka organiczna									
	<ol> <li>praca zbiorowa pod redakcją J. T. Wróbla, Preparatyka i elementy syntezy organicznej</li> </ol>									
unnlementary literature	praca zbiorowa pod redakcją Bochwica, Preparatyka organiczna									
applementary morature	p. 202 _2.010114 pod 100attoje 20011110a, 1 10paratyta organiozna									
	2. M. Mąkosza, Synteza organiczna									
	2. W. Wakosza, Gymoza Grgamozna									
	3. D. Witt. K. Dzierzbicka, J. Rachoń, Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne z chemii									
	organicznej									
	4. A. Arendt, A. Kołodziejczyk, T. Sokołowska, Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne									
	z chemii organicznej									
Resources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:									
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed  1. Starting from acetylene develop the synthesis of 4-nitrophenylacetylene.  2. How cyclohexylemthyl-methy-dichlorosilane can be obtained from cyclohexanone?										
						3. Starting from acetylene develop the preparation of 1,4-diphenylbutadiyne.				
						Not applicable				
	Starting from acetylene develop the How cyclohexylemthyl-methy-dich Starting from acetylene develop the									

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