

Subject card

Subject name and code	Basics of Industrial Measurements and Automatics, PG_00035154							
Field of study	Engineering and Technologies of Energy Carriers							
Date of commencement of								
studies	1 oblidally 2020		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/2025		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group		
						Subject group related to practical vocational preparation		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			4.0		
Learning profile	practical profile		Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Process Engineering and Chemical Technology -> Faculty of Chemistry							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Jacek Gębicki					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0 15.0		60
	E-learning hours inclu	ıded: 0.0						,
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation in classes include plan			Participation in consultation hours		Self-study S		SUM
Number of study hours 60		i'	4.0		36.0		100	
Subject objectives	To acquaint students with the basic concepts of control, control and automatic regulation of chemical industry processes. Discussion of the principle of operation of measuring instruments for the control of basic process parameters in the chemical industry.							
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification		
	K7_W03		The student is able to design methods of control and control of technological processes and is able to control the quality of production			[SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects		
	K7_K02		The student understands the principles of cooperation with the economic and social environment			[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice [SK1] Assessment of group work skills		
	K7_U09		The student is able to independently perform a design and research task. He can work in a team and coordinate work in a team			[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment		
Subject contents	Feedback, regulation and control systems. Block diagrams, basic mathematical description of the dynamic properties of control elements. Steady and transient states of processes. Selection of regulators. Criteria for assessing the quality of regulation. Types of regulation. Measurements of basic process parameters such as: temperature, pressure, flow rate, liquid level in the tank, density, viscosity.							
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Basic concepts of hydrostatics and hydrodynamics, heat movement, basic concepts of differential calculus							
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria		Passing threshold			Percentage of the final grade		
	seminar		60.0%			30.0%		
	laboratory		60.0%			20.0%		
	lecture		60.0%			50.0%		

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Recommended reading	Basic literature	R. Kaula, Podstawy Automatyki, Wydawnictwo Politechniki Śląskiej, Gliwice 2005. J. Piotrowski i in., Pomiary, czujniki i metody pomiarowe wybranych wielkości fizycznych i składu chemicznego, Warszawa, WNT 2012				
	Supplementary literature	There are no requirements				
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:				
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	The pressure of the fluid in the constriction of the nozzle in relation to the pressure of the fluid before constriction is:					
	a) higher b) the same c) lower d) it is difficult to determine					
	In August's psychrometer, the following applies:					
	a) dry, wet and fan thermometer b) dry, wet thermometer c) thermometer d) 2 wet thermometers What adjustable parameters are the P controller:					
	a) reinforcement, integration time b) reinforcement, c) reinforcement, time of advance d) reinforcement, sometimes doubling If the excitation is abrupt and the control element is characterized by integral transmittance then the element response will be: a) step b) linear c) none of them d) exponential					
Work placement	Not applicable					

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