



Subject card

Subject name and code	, PG_00066213						
Field of study	Transport						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject		2024/2025		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group				
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits		3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Transportation Engineering -> Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. arch. Romanika Okraszewska				
	Teachers						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	45		0.0		0.0	45
Subject objectives	The aim of the subject Ecological aspects in the development of transport is to understand and analyze the impact of transport on the natural environment and the relationship with ongoing climate change. The subject discusses global and local actions to combat climate change. 1. Understanding the impact of transport on the environment Transport is one of the main sources of greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution. Students learn about the negative impact of transport on the environment, including air, water and soil pollution, landscape, as well as noise and vibrations generated by vehicles. 1. Learning about ecological solutions in transport Students learn about various ecological solutions in transport, such as electric vehicles, international transport of goods by rail, or autonomous technologies. Innovations in ecological transport are also discussed, such as the use of solar energy to power vehicles. 1. Understanding the importance of ecologistics in transport Ecological logistics in transport are actions taken by companies from the TSL sector to reduce the negative impact of logistics on the natural environment. Students learn about the importance of sustainable transport development, which involves using available resources in the most optimal way possible, maximizing the efficiency of logistics operations. 1. Analysis of the benefits of ecological solutions in transport Students analyze the benefits of implementing ecological solutions in transport, such as reducing CO2 emissions, saving fuel and maintenance costs, as well as image benefits for companies.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K7_U01] creates innovative solutions to complex and unstructured problems, taking into account the variability of the environment by synthesizing information from many sources, using analytical, simulation and experimental methods	The student is able to assess the strength of the negative impact on the environment and propose actions to limit the negative impact	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools
	[K7_W02] explains the importance and interdependence of key components describing transport systems and processes and their environment, using in-depth knowledge in accordance with the main trends in the development of scientific disciplines related to the field of study	The student has in-depth knowledge about possible actions to limit the negative effects of transport on the environment.	[SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation
	[K7_K02] makes competent and ethical decisions, caring for the public interest and maintaining economic, social and environmental values	The student is able to use appropriate methods to determine the impact of an institution/facility/area/event on the environment and propose actions to limit the adverse impact.	[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice
Subject contents	1. Background of ecological problems from transport 2. Global actions to combat climate change 3. Carbon footprint management 4. Promotion of alternative forms of transport 5. Adaptation and mitigation of climate change in transport 6. Solutions reducing transport emissions in the city 7. Electromobility 8. Efficient use of resources 9. Innovative technologies 10. Protection of biodiversity 11. Noise reduction 12. Sustainable spatial planning 13. Mobility management 14. Promoting eco-driving		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Lectures	60.0%	50.0%
	Laboratory	60.0%	25.0%
	Project	60.0%	25.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. Dennis Meadows, Donella Meadows, Jørgen Randers, William W. Behrens III, <i>Granice Wzrostu</i>, 1972 2. Bińczyk E., <i>Epoka człowieka. Retoryka i marazm antropocenu</i>, Warszawa: PWN, 2018 3. J.D. Guillo, <i>Parlament Europejski, Dyrekcja Generalna ds. Komunikacji, Bruksela 2023</i> 4. <i>Materials of working group III contribution to the IPCC Fourth Assessment report, 2007</i> 5. Gresheim Smith, <i>Experiential design and way finding</i>, 2022 6. <i>IPCC, 2014: Climate Change 2014: Synthesis Report. Contribution of Working Groups I, II and III to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i> 7. Johannes Buberger, Anton Kersten, Manuel Kuder, Richard Eckerle, Thomas Weyh, Torbjörn Thiringer, <i>Total CO2-equivalent life-cycle emissions from commercially available passenger cars, Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, Volume 159, 2022</i>	

	Supplementary literature	1. W. R. Smith, Product differentiation and market segmentation as alternative marketing strategies, J. Mark., vol. 21, no. 1. 2. S. Haustein and M. Hunecke, Identifying target groups for environmentally sustainable transport: assessment of different segmentation approaches, Curr. Opin. Environ. Sustain., vol. 5, no. 2, pp. 197204, Jun. 2013. 3. I. Salomon and M. Ben-Akiva, The use of the life-style concept in travel demand models, Environ. Plan. A, vol. 15, pp. 623638, 1983. 4. D. A. Hensher, Market segmentation as a mechanism in allowing for variability of traveller behaviour, Transportation (Amst)., vol. 5, pp. 257284, 1976. 5. G. Beirão and J. A. Sarsfield Cabral, Understanding attitudes towards public transport and private car: A qualitative study, Transp. Policy, vol. 14, no. 6, pp. 478489, 2007.
	eResources addresses	Podstawowe https://www.teraz-srodowisko.pl/media/pdf/aktualnosci/264-transport-climate-change-in-Europe.pdf - Adaptation of transport to climate change in Europe, Challenges and options across transport modes and stakeholders, Report, European Environment Agency, No8/2014 Uzupełniające Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	1. Compare CO2 emissions for individual means of transport (plane, train, combustion engine car, electric car, bicycle) over an analogous distance and in analogous conditions. 2. What determines the amount of CO2 emissions from motor vehicles? 3. What is mitigation, and what is its significance in the context of climate change? 4. Provide examples of adaptation to climate change in transport.	
Work placement	Not applicable	

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