



Subject card

Subject name and code	HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY, PG_00066572						
Field of study	Economic Analytics						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject		2026/2027		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	3		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	5		ECTS credits		2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Philosophy and Science Methodology -> Faculty of Management and Economics						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. Andrzej Lisak				
	Teachers						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		5.0		15.0	50
Subject objectives	lectures on the history of philosophy.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K6_K03] Critically evaluates their own knowledge necessary to solve cognitive and practical problems, supplementing gaps with input from external experts.		critically approaches the sources within the realm of the history of philosophy		[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice		
	[K6_U06] Acquires new specialized knowledge related to the field of economic analytics by planning a personal lifelong learning strategy		learns about the history of philosophy		[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information		
Subject contents	Basic concepts and distinctions in philosophy. Origins and specificity of Greek philosophy: from Ionian school to sophism. Classic Greek philosophy: Plato, Aristotle. Main ethical schools in antiquity: skepticism, stoicism, epicureanism. Christian philosophy in Middle Ages: St. Augustin, St Thomas Aquinas. Changes in the renaissance era, birth of modern philosophy, rise of mathematized natural sciences. Philosophy of Enlightenment. German idealism. Positivism. Philosophy of life. Psychoanalysis. Existentialism. Introduction to the contemporary philosophy of politics and philosophy of culture. Pragmatism, hermeneutics, postmodernism. Philosophy of language, philosophy of science, sociology of knowledge.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites							
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria		Passing threshold		Percentage of the final grade		
	Fnal exam		50.0%		80.0%		
	Patricipation in the classes		50.0%		20.0%		

Recommended reading	Basic literature	Tatarkiewicz, W. (2007). Historia filozofii, 3 tomy, Warszawa: PWN. Tyburski, W., Wiśniewski, R. Wachowiak, A. (2002). Historia filozofii i etyki do współczesności, Toruń: TNOiK. Miś, A.. (2006). Filozofia współczesna: główne nurty, Warszawa: Scholar.
	Supplementary literature	Kołakowski, L. (1998). Mini-wykłady o maxi-sprawach, Kraków: Znak.
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Specify the most important philosophical disciplines, explain basic concepts arising in the field of ethics and epistemology. Specify the most important philosophers in the history and discuss briefly their output.	
Work placement	Not applicable	

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