

## Subject card

Subject name and code	History of architecture and urbanism III, PG_00061519							
Field of study	Architecture							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject			2026/2027		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
						Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the	at the university	
Year of study	2		Language of instruction		English			
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits		2.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		exam			
Conducting unit	Department of History of Architecture and Conservation of Monuments -> Faculty of Architecture							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr inż. arch. Bartosz Macikowski					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	20.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	35
	E-learning hours inclu	uded: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	35		4.0		11.0		50
Subject objectives	The aim of the course architecture and urba of phenomena and fa and to familiarize the coherent wholistic proplanner.	n planning idea cts across the student with th	as of 19th and range from ted te developmen	20th centuries chnological dev t of modern are	. The air elopmer chitectur	n is als nt to so e and ເ	o to explain the cial and aesthe circuit and aesthe circuit and aesthe circuit and an architecture.	ne complexity netic changes, g ideas as a

Data wygenerowania: 02.04.2025 22:43 Strona 1 z 5

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K6_W03] knows and understands history and theory of architecture as well as art, technology and humanities to the extent necessary for the proper performance of architectural designs; issues related to architecture and urban planning useful for the design of architectural objects and urban complexes in the context of social, cultural, natural, historical, economic, legal and other nontechnical conditions of engineering activities, integrating knowledge acquired during studies;	knows and understands the history of architecture and urban planning, contemporary architecture, heritage protection, to the extent necessary in architectural, urban and planning work; knows the history and theory of contemporary architecture to the extent necessary for the proper assessment of the value of cultural landscape, evaluation of historical and contemporary architecture, understands the causes of historical changes architecture, understands the issues related to contemporary architecture useful for designing architectural objects and urban complexes in the context of cultural heritage, knows the main directions of modern urbanism and their creators. He knows the basic ideas, city plans and public spaces in 19th and 20th century cities.	[SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation
	[K6_W02] knows and understands the rules of gathering information and their interpretation as a part of project concept preparation; issues related to architecture and urban planning in the field of simple design problems solving	Is able to evaluate information, organize it, critically assess it and draw conclusions from it,; can make proper assessments of the value of the architectural heritage of the 19th and 20th centuries,	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation
	[K6_K03] is ready to take responsibility for architectural and urban values in environmental protection and cultural heritage	Student can organize information, evaluate it critically and draw conclusions from it, can interpret phenomena and processes occurring in the historical period in question	[SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness [SK2] Assessment of progress of work

Data wygenerowania: 02.04.2025 22:43 Strona 2 z 5

## Subject contents

The industrial revolution of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries - a century of civilization and social changes.

The crisis in architecture and the crisis of cities and its causes. Features of an industrial city.

The development of technology as a basis for revolutionary changes in architecture.

Attempts to overcome the crisis of cities: from utopian socialism to humanitarian capitalism (Owen, Fourier, patron housing estates). Reconstruction of cities in the 19th century (Paris, Vienna, Berlin, Barcelona).

The decline of craftsmanship, mass production, technology as the main factors in the emergence of new styles (Arts and Crafts, Chigago School, great engineering structures)

Contemporary urban planning pioneers - new urban concepts (E. Howard, A. Soria-y-Mata, T. Garnier, Le Corbusier).

Architecture of modernism - the birth of a new era.

First implementations of new urban concepts. Neighborhood unit A.C. Perry.

Social ideals of the era as a new challenge for architects and urban planners. Modernist social housing estates, housing cooperatives, construction exhibitions (the UNESCO estates of Berlin, WSM Żoliborz, Werkbund. Red Vienna).

Ornament in modern architecture - from Art Nouveau to Art Deco

Ornament in modern architecture - Dutch and German expressionism

Ideological crossroads of the 20th century - National Romanticism or International Style

Great founders of modernism. Le Corbusier, Walter Gropius, Mies van der Rohe, Frank L. Wright. CIAM, the Athens Charter and the new urban doctrine.

Structure, function, form - new needs, new ideals, new aesthetics

New urban and architectural utopias of the 60's and 70's. New cities after World War II (English New Towns, Nowe Tychy, Brasilia, Chandigarh).

Social ideals of the epoch as a new challenge for the architect.

Great founders of modernism. Le Corbusier, Walter Gropius, Mies van der Rohe, Frank L. Wright

Totalitarian Architecture - Italian and German Fascism, Soviet architecture

Post-war modernism in Europe

Post-war modernism in the USA and Japan

New architectural utopias of the 60's and 70's

High-Tech Architecture, Postmodernism and Deconstructivism

New urbanism. L. and R. Krier. Contemporary trends in urban planning at the turn of the 20th and 21st

Data wygenerowania: 02.04.2025 22:43 Strona 3 z 5

	centuries.  "Out of the stream" architects and contemporary trends in architecture				
Prerequisites and co-requisites					
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade		
and criteria	Exam	50.0%	50.0%		
	Exercises	100.0%	30.0%		
	Sketchbook	100.0%	20.0%		
Recommended reading	Basic literature	- Bahnam R., Theory and Design in the First Machine Age. Praeger 1960			
	- Jencks Ch., Modern Movements in Architecture, Anchor P 1973		nts in Architecture, Anchor Press, NY		
		- Jencks Ch., The Language of Post-Modern Architecture, Rizzoli, NY 1997-1998			
		- Benevolo L. History of Modern Architekture. The Tradiotion of Modern architecture 1971-86			
	- Kostof S., The City Shaped. Urban Patterns and Meanings Thro History, London 2017				
		- Słodczyk J., The Formation of Urban Spaces around the World. A History of Planning and Building of Cities, Opole 2020			
	Supplementary literature	- Space, Time and Architecture: The Growth of a New Tradition is a book by Sigfried Giedion, by Harvard University Press 1941			
		- Graham W., Dream Cities. Seven Urban Ideas that Shape the World, 2016.			
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:			
		, ,			

Data wygenerowania: 02.04.2025 22:43 Strona 4 z 5

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	- The development of technology as a basis for changes in architecture of the 19th and 20th century - Concrete and reinforced concrete
	- The development of technology as a basis for changes in architecture of the 19th and 20th century - iron and steel
	- Werkbund - ideas and realizations
	- Bauhaus - ideas and realizations
	- mass production and the decline of craftsmanship as the reason of the change in architecture
	- modernism - structure, function, form - new ideals, new aesthetics
	- Social ideals of the modernist era as a challenge for architects and urban planners.
	- Examples of modernist housing structures.
	- The Athens Charter as a response to the problems of the city and housing in the industrial era.
	- Sources of criticism of modernism in architecture and urban planning.
Work placement	Not applicable

Document generated electronically. Does not require a seal or signature.

Data wygenerowania: 02.04.2025 22:43 Strona 5 z 5