



Subject card

Subject name and code	Information Systems Security, PG_00048305						
Field of study	Electronics and Telecommunications						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2026		Academic year of realisation of subject		2025/2026		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits		3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department Of Teleinformation Networks -> Faculty Of Electronics Telecommunications And Informatics -> Wydział Politechniki Gdańskiej						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Bartosz Czaplewski				
	Teachers		mgr inż. Jacek Litka dr inż. Mariusz Dzwonkowski dr inż. Bartosz Czaplewski				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	45		3.0		27.0	75
Subject objectives	Knowledge of information security threats and methods of information protection against these threats.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K7_U07] can apply advanced methods of process and function support, specific to the field of study	Student understands, identifies and classifies the methods of symmetric cryptography, asymmetric cryptography, steganography, digital fingerprinting.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information
	[K7_W08] knows and understands, to an increased extent, the fundamental dilemmas of modern civilisation, the main development trends of scientific disciplines relevant to the field of education	The student understands and identifies the challenges related to the distribution of keys, the creation of a secure channel, the resistance of asymmetric cryptography to the operation of quantum computers. The student knows and understands how critical it is for modern civilization to maintain an appropriate level of information security.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge
	[K7_W03] knows and understands, to an increased extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum	Student identifies, classifies and recognizes threats of information security during data transmission and basic cryptographic systems. Student identifies and classifies security services and mechanisms.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge
	[K7_U09] can carry out a critical analysis of the functioning of existing technical solutions and assess these solutions, as well as apply experience related to the maintenance of advanced technical systems, devices and facilities typical for the field of studies, gained in the professional engineering environment	The student is able to run, measure and analyze the most important symmetric and asymmetric encryption algorithms. The student analyzes encryption and decryption processes and assesses the resistance of cryptographic systems to attacks.	[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject
Subject contents	1. Information system security 2. Basic information security aspects 3. Network security model 4. Basic aspects of cryptographic systems 5. Cryptanalysis methods 6. Classic ciphers 7. Introduction to block ciphers 8. Data Encryption Standard (DES) 9. Design principles for block ciphers 10. Block cipher modes 11. Double and triple encryption (3DES) 12. International Data Encryption Algorithm (IDEA) 13. Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 14. Link encryption and end-to-end encryption 15. Key distribution methods 16. Generating pseudo-random numbers 17. RC4 stream cipher 18. Asymmetric cryptographic systems 19. RSA system 20. Distribution of public keys 21. Diffie-Hellman algorithm 22. ElGamal algorithm 23. Elliptic-curve cryptography 24. The future of asymmetric cryptography 25. Asymmetric cryptography resistant to attacks of quantum computers 26. Message authentication 27. One-way hash functions 28. Rainbow tables 29. Digital Signature properties 30. Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) 31. The basics of steganography 32. Digital fingerprinting 33. Reversible Data Hiding		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	measurement reports	50.0%	40.0%
	final test	50.0%	60.0%

Recommended reading	Basic literature	B. Schneier, Kryptografia dla praktyków, WN-T, Warszawa 2004 J. Fridrich, Steganography in Digital Media: Principles, Algorithms, and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2010 N. Ferguson, B. Schneier, Kryptografia w praktyce, Helion, 2004 W. Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, Principles and Practice, Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall, 2005 M. Stamp, Information Security: Principles and Practice, J. Wiley, 2011
	Supplementary literature	B. Czaplewski, Nowe metody łącznego fingerprintingu i deszyfracji do zabezpieczania obrazów kolorowych, rozprawa doktorska, WETI PG, 2015Y.-Q. Shi, X. Li, X. Zhang, H.-T. Wu, B. Ma, Reversible Data Hiding: Advances in the Past Two Decades, IEEE Access, 2016
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	none	
Work placement	Not applicable	

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