

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Optical Sensors and Advanced Measurement Methods I, PG_00056983								
Field of study	Electronics and Telecommunications								
Date of commencement of studies	February 2026		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group Specialty subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			2.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit		Department Of Metrology And Optoelectronics -> Faculty Of Electronics Telecommunications And Informatics -> Wydziały Politechniki Gdańskiej							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Adam Mazikowski						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr inż. Adam	Mazikowski					
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	30	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation i classes incluc plan			Self-study SUN		SUM		
	Number of study hours	30		4.0		16.0		50	
Subject objectives	Provision of knowledge in the field of construction, classyfication and principle of operation of selected optical sensors, networks of these sensors and distributed optical fiber sensors as well as optical advanced measurement methods.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K7_W03] knows and understands, to an increased extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum		The student knows the general structure of optical sensors, classifies optical sensors, describes the principle of operation of intensity, phase and polarimetric sensors. The student presents the types and principles of operation of fiber-optic distributed sensors and fiber optic sensor networks. The student is able to present the construction and principle of operation of advanced measurement methods.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_W02] knows and understands, to an increased extent, selected laws of physics and physical phenomena, as well as methods and theories explaining the complex relationships between them, constituting advanced general knowledge in the field of technical sciences related to the field of study		The student knows selected laws and physical phenomena used in optical sensors, as well as the physical basis of advanced optical measurement methods.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			

Subject contents	 Introduction. Construction of sensors. Transfer functions, basic proper-ties. 2. Classification of sensors. 3. Intensity sensors phenomena employed in sensors. 4. Sensors employing absorption, reflectance, termochromic effect. 5. Sensors employing modifications of propagation conditions 6. Sensors employing photoluminescence. 7. Sensors employing optical tunneling and surface plasmon resonance. 8. Sensors using detection of thermal radiation 9. Example designs of intensity sensors 10. Phase sensors 11. Phase modulation methods in singlemode fibres. 12. Phase demodulation techniques. 13. Temporal and spatial coherence of light beams. Autocorrelation and cross-correlation functions. Interference of partially coherent beams. 14. Transfer function of Mach-Zehnder and Michelson interferometers. 15. Homodyne and heterodyne detection of output signal from an optical sensors. 16. White light interferometers output signal detection and processing. 17. Selected applications of interferometers: temperature and stress meas- urement, optical fibre gyroscopes. 18. Polarimetric optical sensors. 19. Sensors using spontaneous and stimulated Raman scattering in optical fibres. 24. Sensors using spontaneous and stimulated Brillouin scattering in optical fibres. 25. The use of spontaneous and stimulated Raman and Brillouin scattering in distributed optical fibre sensors. 26. Fibre Bragg Gratings, properties and classification. 27. Fibre Bragg Gratings as transducers of physical quantities. 28. Quasi-distributed sensors using Fibre Bragg Gratings. 29. Sensor networks. Multiplexing methods. 30. Time-domain multiplexing. 31. Frequency-domain multiplexing. 32. Wavelength-domain multiplexing. 33. Advanced measurement methods 34. X-ray interferometry 						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	No requirements						
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
	Midterm colloquium	50.0%	100.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	T. Pustelny: Physical and technical aspects of optoelectronic sensors, Wyd. Polit. Śląskiej, Gliwice 2005 Z. Kaczmarek: Światłowodowe czujniki i przetworniki pomiarowe, Agenda Wydawnicza PAK, Warszawa 2006					
	Supplementary literature	No requirements					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:					
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of intensity optical sensors.						
Work placement	Not applicable						

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