



Subject card

Subject name and code	Mathematic Fundamentals of Computer Control, PG_00067975						
Field of study	Automatic Control, Cybernetics and Robotics						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject		2027/2028		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	3		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	5		ECTS credits		2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Decision Systems and Robotics -> Faculty of Electronics Telecommunications and Informatics -> Wydziały Politechniki Gdańskiej						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Marek Tatara				
	Teachers		dr inż. Marek Tatara				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		18.0	50
Subject objectives	To master the knowledge of the mathematical foundations of discrete-time computer-controlled systems and to acquire skills in the analysis and design of control algorithms for these systems.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K6_W03] knows and understands, to an advanced extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum	The student knows and understands the architecture of a digital control system and the role of its components. The student can explain the complex relationships between the structure of the mathematical model (e.g., pole locations, properties of the state-space model matrices) and the resulting dynamic behavior of the system (e.g., its stability).	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge
	[K6_W01] knows and understands, to an advanced extent, mathematics necessary to formulate and solve simple issues related to the field of study	The student knows and understands advanced mathematical methods, including linear algebra, difference equations, and the Z-transform, to a degree that enables describing, analyzing, and solving fundamental problems in the field of discrete-time control systems.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge
	[K6_U01] can apply mathematical knowledge to formulate and solve complex and non-typical problems related to the field of study and perform tasks, in an innovative way, in not entirely predictable conditions, by:n- appropriate selection of sources and information obtained from them, assessment, critical analysis and synthesis of this information,n- selection and application of appropriate methods and toolsn	The student can formulate and solve complex problems in the analysis and synthesis of computer control systems by selecting and applying appropriate mathematical methods and tools.	[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject

Subject contents	Lecture		
	<div>1. Introduction to Computer Control Systems<ul style="list-style-type: none">Characteristics of discrete-time signals and systemsArchitecture and operating principles of a classical digital control loopRelation of classical control systems to cyber-physical systems</div> <div>2. Mathematical Modeling of Discrete-Time Systems<ul style="list-style-type: none">Description using difference equationsFundamental properties of discrete systems: linearity, time-invariance, causalityRecursive and non-recursive modelsThe impulse response of a systemState-space representation</div> <div>3. System Analysis using the Z-Transform<ul style="list-style-type: none">Introduction to the unilateral and bilateral Z-transformProperties of the Z-transformInverse Z-transform (partial fraction expansion, residue method, polynomial division)Relationship of the transfer function to the impulse response, difference equations, and state-space models</div> <div>4. Stability of Discrete-Time Systems<ul style="list-style-type: none">Definition of BIBO stability for the general and LTI caseStability conditions in the complex z-planeMethods of stability analysis</div> <div>5. Control Systems Design<ul style="list-style-type: none">Design methods for discrete-time controllersThe PID controller and its tuning methods (manual, Ziegler-Nichols method)</div> <div>6. State-Space Analysis<ul style="list-style-type: none">Controllability, reachability, observability, and reconstructibilityIdentity transformationsDiagonalization of the state matrix and canonical forms</div> Exercises <div>1. Modeling and Property Analysis of Discrete-Time Systems<ul style="list-style-type: none">Operators in difference equationsDiscretization of differential equationsAnalysis of the properties of discrete-time systemsStep and impulse response of a system</div> <div>2. The Z-Transform - Forward and Inverse<ul style="list-style-type: none">Calculating the Z-transformMethods for calculating the inverse transform (polynomial division, partial fraction expansion, residue method)</div> <div>3. State-Space Representation<ul style="list-style-type: none">The relationship between the discrete-time description, transfer function, and state-space model; transitions between modelsEigenvalues of the state-transition matrix</div> <div>4. Stability Analysis<ul style="list-style-type: none">Pole locationsJury's criterion</div> <div>5. Controller Design<ul style="list-style-type: none">Selection of parameters for a digital PID controllerDiscretization of continuous-time controllers</div> <div>6. State-Space System Properties<ul style="list-style-type: none">Analysis of controllability, reachability, observability, and reconstructibilityIdentity transformationsDiagonalization and canonical forms</div>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	<div>Knowledge of:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none">mathematical analysis, including differential and integral calculus, series, and complex numberslinear algebra, including operations on matrices and vectors, and the ability to solve systems of linear equationsbasics of control theory for continuous-time systems, including the concepts of transfer function, feedback, and basic stability criteria		
Assessment methods and criteria			
	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Two class tests	60.0%	40.0%
	Lecture assessment	60.0%	60.0%

Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Franklin, Gene F., et al. Digital Control of Dynamic Systems / Gene F. Franklin, J. David Powell, Michael L. Workman. 3rd ed., Addison-Wesley, 1998. 2. Brogan, William Lloyd. Modern Control Theory / William L. Brogan. 3rd ed., Prentice Hall, 1991. 3. Ogata, Katsuhiko. Modern Control Engineering / Katsuhiko Ogata. Prentice Hall, 1970.
	Supplementary literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ogata, Katsuhiko, and Prentice Hall International Wydawca. Discrete-Time Control Systems / Katsuhiko Ogata. Prentice-Hall, 1987. 2. Levine, W. S. Control System Fundamentals. 2nd ed., CRC Press, 2011.
	eResources addresses	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<p>Lecture</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss the concepts of linearity and time-invariance in discrete-time systems, including the relevant formulas, assumptions, and the notation of the symbols used 2. Discuss the relationships between different methods of describing discrete-time systems 3. Discuss the concept of stability in discrete-time systems, considering the general case and the LTI case <p>Exercises</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. For a given state-space model, analyze its stability and controllability 2. Find the impulse response of the system based on the given transfer function 3. Examine the linearity, time-invariance, and causality of the given systems 	
Work placement	Not applicable	

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