

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Philosophical Foundations of Critical Thinking , PG_00068472							
Field of study	Engineering Management							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Humanistic-social subject group			
Mode of study	Part-time studies (on-line)		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			5.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Department Of Philosophy And Science Methodology -> Faculty Of Management And Economics -> Wydziały Politechniki Gdańskiej							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor							
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers	1		i	-			
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
of instruction	Number of study hours	16.0	24.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	40
	E-learning hours inclu	uded: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	40		4.0		81.0		125
Subject objectives	The course introduce contextualises and m logic (sentence calcu inductive reasoning, t philosophy and episte theories).	eets the rigours lus, calculus of basics of rhetor	s of logico-metl predicates, rel ic and argume	hodological con ations, basics ntation theory)	rrectnes of logica , introdu	s. The s al semic ction to	subject include otics, deductive ophilosophy (s	es a course in e and socio-political
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification		
	[K6_W07] knows and understands advanced methods for analyzing the management process in technical, legal, economic, financial, and social contexts.		knows the basic concepts of logic and philosophy		[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects			
	[K6_U02] communicates effectively with others by preparing presentations that use terminology specific to the field of engineering management, and by evaluating diverse opinions during discussions and debates.		is able to recognize the complexity of the phenomena studied in ethics		[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			
	[K6_K02] is prepared to make competent and ethical decisions to create and maintain economic, social, and environmental values, demonstrating entrepreneurial actions.		is able to analyze basic axiological dilemmas and justify their choice			[SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness		

Subject contents	Module: Logic
	What is logic? Logic and language Functions of language. logic and meaning Name and concept Definitions and division Propositions and judgments and their forms Sentential calculus Rules of sentential calculus Predicate calculus Basic notions of set theory Syllogistic logic. Deductive, reductive, and inductive reasoning The meaning of logic for solving scientific questions
	Logic in economics. Logic and rhetoric
	Discussions of chosen logical dilemmas and solving problems
	Module: philosophy
	 Definition of social and political philosophy. Social philosophy, social sciences, and humanities (economics, sociology, political economy, psychology, decision theory, history). Problems of social philosophy (individual-society-rationality-individuation-socialization-intersubjectivity-community-recognition) and political philosophy (justice-equality-equility-brotherhood-political system-state-power-liberty). Plato and Aristotle. Philosopher as a ruler. Metaphor of a cave. Philosopher as sage. Plato's ideal state: totalitarian state? Social contract, state of nature, law, property: Hobbes and Locke. Classical liberalism: basic assumptions. Libery, property, self-ownership, justice, toleration. Autonomous individual and the community. Locke, Constant and Mill as classical liberals. Kant on "perpetual peace". Social contract, state of nature, law, conservatism and traditionalism. State, morality and authority according to conservatists. Social critique and critique of the traditional social contract. Source of inequality, Rousseau's concept of general will. Alienation according to Marx. Concept of socialism, anarchism, social democracy). Contemporary liberal thought: Rawls and Dworkin on justice and equality. What is equality? Dimensions of inequality equality and justice. Distributive justice. Rawls and liberal egalitarianism. Libertarianism: critique of Rawls's theory. Nozick on distributive justice. Libertarianism and anarchocapitalism. Contemporary liberal thought: Rawls and Dworkin on justice and equality. What is equality? Dimensions of inequality. Equality and ustrice. Distributive justice. Rawls and liberal egalitarianism. Libertarianism: critique of Rawls's theory. Nozick on distributive justice. Libertarianism as a apology of individual autonomy and free market. Libertarianism and anarchocapitalism. Tome dialectics of the process individual autonomy and free mark
	14. Equality once more: fefminism as political doctrine. Major currents of feminist
	Module: ethics
	1. Subject of ethics and its field of interest;
	2. Basic concepts and problems in ethics, types of ethics;
	3. Main ethical theories: consequentialism and utilitarianism;
	4. Deontological ethics;
	5. Virtue ethics;
	6. Ethics and religion;

	7. Applied ethics: ethics of sexuality;					
	8. Bioethics I; eugenics, abortion, euthanasia;					
	9. Bioethics II: cloning, reprogenetics, GMO, genetic engineering, biotechnologies;					
	10. Ethics and politics;					
	11. Business ethics;					
	12. Ethics of sustainable development;13. Ethics and morality;					
	14. Moral psychology;					
	15. Sociology of morality.					
Prerequisites and co-requisites						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and criteria	Attendance	80.0%	10.0%			
	Final test	50.0%	60.0%			
	Active participation	50.0%	30.0%			
Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. Przewodnik po współczesnej filozofii politycznej, pod red. Roberta Goodina i Filipa Petita, Warszawa 2002, Książka i Wiedza.				
		2. K. Ajdukiewicz, Zarys logiki. PZWS, Warszawa, 1957.				
	Supplementary literature	 Alasdair MacIntyre, Krótka historia etyki, PWN, Warszawa, 2000; Przewodnik po etyce, pod red. Petera Singera, Książka Wiedza, Warszawa, 2002. Włodzimierz Tyburski, Ryszard Wiśniewski, Andrzej Wachowiak, Historia filozofii i etyki do współczesności: źródła i komentarze, TNOiK, Toruń, 2002. 				
	eResources addresses Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:					

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Examine given sentences and give its conclusion
	What is the function of the social contract according to Hobbes?;
	What is rationalism in epistemology?
	Basic assumptions of conservatism;
	What is alienation?;
	Why toleration is so important for liberalism?;
	Elucidate the concept of sustainable development;
	What is utilitarianism?
Work placement	Not applicable

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