

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	General mikrobiology, PG_00057613							
Field of study	Green Technologies							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits		4.0			
Learning profile	general academic pro	ofile	Assessment form		assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Microb	oiology -> Facu	Ity Of Chemist	ry -> Wydziały	Politech	niki Gd	ańskiej	
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr hab. Beata Krawczyk					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	30.0	0.0		0.0	60
	E-learning hours inclu	uded: 0.0				_		
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes includ plan	n didactic led in study	Participation i consultation h	n Iours	Self-st	udy	SUM
	Number of study hours	60		5.0		35.0		100
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize the student with laboratory techniques used in the microbiology laboratory and acquire knowledge about their functions in the environment.							

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification	
	[K6_W04] is aware of the importance of environmental protection and has a basic knowledge of chemical and biological threats to the environment, with particular emphasis on anthropogenic factors, has a basic knowledge of knowledge of the principles of sustainable development as well as national and European environmental management conditions.	He knows the impact of microorganisms on the environment of plants, animals and humans and vice versa.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge	
	[K6_K02] is aware of the social role of a technical college graduate, take the reflections on the ethical, scientific and social aspects of the work performed, understands the need to promote, formulating and providing the public with information and opinions concerning the activities of the profession of engineer.	The student perceives the changes that occur in the environment and understands the necessity to stop them.	[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice	
	[K6_W03] has a basic knowledge of soil, air and water pollutants, design and supervision of environmentally friendly technologies and technologies which do not produce waste, knows technology of cleaning and neutralization of industrial waste and wastewater management, has a basic understanding of the theoretical basis of methods and types of apparatus used in chemical analysis of environmental pollutants	He is aware of environmental protection	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge	
	[K6_U04] capable of formulating and solving design tasks in the field of environmental technology to recognize their non-technical aspects, including environmental, economic and legal. Is capable of applying the principles of occupational health and safety. Is able to make initial assessment of engineering solutions and actions	He knows the rules of safe work in a microbiological laboratory. The student has gained knowledge about conventional and molecular methods in microbiology and is able to choose the appropriate one for his purpose.	[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject	
	[K6_U02] is able to operate equipment and perform typical analyzes of studies of environmental pollution, is able to carry out an analysis of typical environmental pollution and simple devices according to specification	The student can use the methods and tools typical for the microbiological laboratory, the student can manipulate and transfer bacteria and cultures, know aseptic techniques	[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools	

Subject contents	Lecture: Why do we study microbiology?. Cla classification of Prokaryotes. Fields : of bacteria. Nutrition of microorganis microorganisms, obtaining pure cultu Measurement of microbial growth. C diagnostics of microorganisms. Micro- Laboratory: Principles of safe work in a microbio Acquisition of pure bacterial cultures temperature on dye production; Inoc observations; Physiological character bacteria: Fermentation tests and oxi Enterobacteriaceae; Winograddzki c microbial growth: Determination of the state of bacteria: State of bacteria: State of the state of the state of bacteria: State of the state of t	Issification and identification of micro and history of Microbiology. Koch's p ims, growth of the microorganisms (g ures, culture media, special culture te ontrol of microbial growth, sterilizatio obial ecology. Host-microorganism re obial ecology. Host-microorganism re substantiation on selectively differentiating re eristics of bacteria: Hydrolytic reaction dation tests; Bacterial metabolism: E iolumn - preparation; Influence of the re optimal temperature for bacterial gro	organisms. The modern ostulates. Microscopy and staining prowth phases, cultures of echniques, storage of cultures. In and disinfection. Molecular elations. ditions (organisational exercise 1); techniques. Influence of media and macroscopic ns; Physiological characterization of ntero tube test for environment and control of growth and determination of the time in: Effort of comption procure and	
	heavy metals on bacteria; antimicrobial susceptibility tests; disc test (antibiogram); Determination of bacteria susceptibility to onion and garlic phytoncides; Evaluation of the impact of disinfectants on microorganism: Environmental Water Purity Test. Selective and differential media for the identification of coliforms; Interrelationships between microorganisms: Bacterial synergism, metabiosis; the symbiosis of bacteria an fungi in kefir; Winograddzki column: observations and microscopic preparations			
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge of the structure of the ba	cterial cell.		
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade	
and criteria	test	60.0%	50.0%	
	sprawdzian, sprawozdanie	60.0%	50.0%	
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Mikrobiologia ogólna podręcznik aka L.Holec-Gąsior, M. Olszewski, K.We 2009	ademicki A.Brillowska-Dabrowska, arbowy, J. Kur Wydawnictwo PG,	
		Krawczyk B. i in. Wybrane zagadnienia z mikrobiologii klinicznej i środowiskowej teoria i ćwiczenia laboratoryjne wyd. PG, 2019		

e	eResources addresses	 Prescotts Microbiology Willey JM., Sherwood LM., Woolverton CJ. 8 edittion Press: Mc Graw Hill Microbiology R. Bauman . Wydawca Pearson/Benjamin Cummings, 2004 Mikrobiologia Murray R. Patrick Ken S. Rosenthal Michael A. Pfaller . Wydawnictwo Urban & Partner Mikrobiologia środowiska Anna Kostka Wydawnictwa AGH, 2014 - 360 Wybrane zagadnienia z mikrobiologii klinicznej i środowiskowej. Teoria i ćwiczenia laboratoryjne skrypt B. Krawczyk, R. Kotłowski, M. Śpibida, M. Wysocka. Wyd. PG Mikrobiologia ogólna A. Brillowska-Dąbrowska, L. Holec-Gąsior, M. Olszewski, K. Werbowy, J. Kur wyd. PG https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7627 https://openstax.org/details/books/microbiology https://academicworks.cuny.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi? article=1015&context=qb_oers
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	 How environmental water is test How do you obtain pure bacteria What is the influence of the envi 	ed due to microbiological contamination? al cultures? ironment on microbial growth?
Work placement		

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