



Subject card

Subject name and code	Biofluids, PG_00065014						
Field of study	Mechanical and Medical Engineering						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2026		Academic year of realisation of subject		2026/2027		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits		2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Energy and Industrial Apparatus -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology - > Wydziały Politechniki Gdańskiej						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Krzysztof Tesch				
	Teachers						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		6.0		14.0	50
Subject objectives	Provide general knowledge on bioflows						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K7_U01] uses acquired analytical, simulation and experimental methods as well as mathematical models to solve engineering problems in the field of medical engineering		demonstrates the ability to use analytical and simulation methods to solve engineering tasks in the field of biofluids		[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment		
	[K7_W03] has structured and well-founded knowledge covering issues in the field of medical engineering allowing to design medical devices, rehabilitation systems and to formulate research procedures		demonstrates knowledge covering medical engineering problems to design flow medical devices and test procedures		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	[K7_W12] identifies and interprets the main developmental trends and significant new achievements in the field of engineering and technical sciences and disciplines relevant to the course of study		demonstrates the ability to identify and interpret major development trends related to bio-flows		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
Subject contents	<p>LECTURES General form of conservation equation. Constitutive equation for newtonian fluids (air) and non-newtonian (blood). Special form of conservation equations. Boundary and compatibility conditions. Blood vessels. Murray"s laws. Fractal dimension of vessel structure. Characteristics of blood. Selected analytical solutions for tube flows. Electrical-mechanical analogy for blood flow. Introduction to turbulence in respiratory system. Flows with heat transfer.</p> <p>LABORATORY Learning of the basic features of the software for numerical simulation of flows. Comparison of analytical and numerical solutions for selected equations of blood models. Reconstruction of example bifurcation geometry on the basis of MRI data. Numerical simulation of blood flow through reconstructed geometry. Numerical simulation of air flow through chosen geometry.</p>						

Prerequisites and co-requisites	Fluid Mechanics. Mathematics.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	test	50.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>Tesch K., "Mechanika Płynów", Wyd. PG, 2008, 2013</p> <p>Tesch K., "Wybrane Zagadnienia Modelowania Przepływów Krwi...", Wyd. PG, 2012</p> <p>Bębenek B., "Przepływy w układzie krwionośnym" Wyd. PK, 1999</p> <p>Cieśllicki K., "Hydrodynamiczne uwarunkowania krążenia mózgowego", Wyd. EXIT, 2001</p>	
	Supplementary literature	Puzyrewski R., Sawicki J., "Podstawy Mechaniki Płynów i Hydrauliki", PWN, 1998	
	eResources addresses		

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<p>1. What is the closed system of equations that describes blood flow as a Newtonian fluid. What are the names of all equations and symbols?</p> <p>2. What is the closed system of equations that describes blood flow as a non-Newtonian fluid. What are the names of all equations and symbols?</p> <p>3. What is the difference between the Newtonian and non-Newtonian model of fluid?</p> <p>4. What is the general classification of non-Newtonian fluids?</p> <p>5. Describe the Ostwald-de Waele model. What are the names and meaning of all symbols? 6. Describe the Herschel-Bulkley model. What are the names and meaning of all symbols?</p> <p>7. Describe the Casson model. What are the names and meaning of all symbols?</p> <p>8. Describe any rate type fluid. What are the names and meaning of all symbols?</p> <p>9. What are the blood features. Is it a Newtonian fluid? Why?</p> <p>10. Describe Poiseuille's law. What are the names of all symbols? Where does it come from?</p> <p>11. Is the velocity profile in an circular cross section the same for a Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluid? Why?</p> <p>12. What does Womersley's solution/equation describe?</p> <p>13. What is the mechanical-electrical analogy? What are the relationships among mechanical and electrical quantities/functions?</p> <p>14. Draw electrical circuit describing an elastic artery with leakage. What is the system of equation for this circuit? What are the names and meaning of all symbols?</p> <p>15. Draw electrical circuit describing an rigid artery without leakage. What is the system of equation for this circuit? What are the names and meaning of all symbols?</p> <p>16. Derive Murray's law. What is the interpretation of this law?</p> <p>17. How to estimate the total number of bifurcations and arteries by means of Murray's law?</p> <p>18. What are the configurations/structures of arteries? For which structure is Murray's law valid?</p>
Work placement	Not applicable

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