

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Organometallic chemistry, PG_00069253							
Field of study	Chemistry							
Date of commencement of studies	February 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group					
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Inorganic Chemistry -> Faculty of Chemistry -> Wydziały Politechniki Gdańskiej							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor Teachers		dr hab. inż. Rafał Grubba					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	:t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	20.0	0.0		10.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	45		5.0		25.0		75
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the structure, properties and applications of coordination compounds, with particular emphasis on organometallic compounds. The program focuses on developing skills in designing new compounds and developing innovative strategies for their preparation. The course includes a series of lectures, seminars and laboratory classes, during which issues related to the importance of organometallic compounds in chemical synthesis, catalysis, materials chemistry and medicine will be discussed. Both teamwork and individual cooperation with a teacher facilitate the development of practical technical and analytical competences, as well as improving the skills of presenting research results and preparing reports from conducted experiments.							

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K7_U82] is able to proficiently obtain and process information related to field of study and academic environment in foreign language at B2+ level of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)	The student uses databases and publications in English regarding organometallic compounds, on the basis of which I prepare reports and presentations.	[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task
	[K7_U05] analyzes the functioning of devices, equipment and technological lines used in laboratories and the chemical industry	The student is able to use the Schlenk technique to synthesize organometallic compounds and operate a vacuum-argon line and a glove box.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools
	[K7_U03] plans and performs the synthesis of chemical compounds with the required properties	s able to perform multi-step syntheses of organometallic compounds under anhydrous and oxygen-free conditions using the Schlenk technique.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools
	[K7_W04] indicates methods for the synthesis of chemical compounds with defined properties	Is able to design organometallic compounds with a given structure and properties using advanced methods of inorganic and organic synthesis.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
	[K7_U02] prepares detailed documentation of the results of independently conducted experiments and analyzes the obtained results, uses professional vocabulary with understanding and prepares and communicates information	The student is able to prepare a report on the performed syntheses of organometallic compounds.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task
	[K7_K02] is able to cooperate and work in a group, taking on different roles	The student is able to work in a group when carrying out tasks related to the synthesis of organometallic compounds.	[SK1] Assessment of group work skills [SK2] Assessment of progress of work [SK3] Assessment of ability to organize work [SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness [SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice

Subject contents	LECTURE:				
	The course covers the basics of coordination and organometallic chemistry. The first part discusses issues related to the structure, nomenclature, isomerism, and physicochemical properties of d-block metal				
	complexes. The second part is devoted to selected classes of ligands and organometallic compounds, along				
	with the basics of their synthesis.				
	Topics covered in the lecture: 1. Coordination compounds: • Basic concepts • Nomenclature of complex compounds				
	 Romenciature of complex compounds Equilibrium in solutions of complex compounds Isomerism of complex compounds 				
	 Crystal field theory Color and magnetic properties of d-block metal complexes Organometallic compounds: Phosphines as ligands N-heterocyclic carbenes as ligands Metal carbonyls Alkenes as ligands Aromatic hydrocarbons as ligands Organolithium and organomagnesium compounds 				
	Organoboron compounds Organosilicon compounds				
	 Basics of preparation of organo 	metallic compounds	oounds		
	SEMINAR:				
	The classes aim to develop skills in interpreting scientific literature in the field of organometallic chemistry.				
	Students learn to critically evaluate publications, analyze the data contained in them, and present research				
	results in a clear and objective manner. The work is based on independent selection and discussion of a scientific article from a renowned journal from the JCR or Scopus list that falls within the topic indicated by the instructor, and then on a joint discussion.				
	Topics discussed during the seminar				
	 Metal complexes with phosphines (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organophosphorus and organoarsenic compounds (synthesis and application as plant protection agents or in medicine) Metal carbonyls (synthesis and catalytic properties; application in medicine) Metal complexes with unstable carbenes (synthesis and catalytic properties) Metal and nonmetal complexes with N-heterocyclic carbenes (synthesis and catalytic properties, application in medicine) Metal cyclopentadienyl complexes (synthesis and catalytic properties; application in medicine) Organolithium compounds (synthesis) Organoboron compounds (synthesis) Organaluminium compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organaluminium compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organoliticon compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organolitor compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organoboron compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organolitor compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organolitor compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organoboron compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organoboron compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organolitor compounds (synthesis and catalytic properties) Organobilicon compounds (synthesis and application) Nobel Prizes in Chemistry organometallic Metal clusters - discussion of selected examples Organometallic polymers - discussion of selected examples LABORATORY: 				
	cyclopentadienyl olefin phosphine :	and carbene ligands as well as their	identification by spectroscopic		
	methods (NMR, UV-Vis, IR). They a	re practical in nature and are aimed a	at independent planning and		
	implementation of synthetic experim	ents. The selection of specific synthe	eses is made in consultation with		
	students, taking into account their interests and current technical possibilities. The summary of the ser				
	meetings is a prepared concise repo	ort describing the experiments and ar	nalyses performed.		
Prereguisites					
and co-requisites					
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade		
and criteria		50.0%	30.0%		
		50.0 %	50.076		
	Laboratory – colloquium, report	50.0%	50.0%		
	Seminar - presentation	50.0%	20.0%		
Recommended reading	Basic literature	- P. Atkins, L. Jones, Chemia Ogóln	ia, PWN		
	- A. Bielański, Podstawy Chemii Nieorganicznej, PWN				
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	- B. D. Gupta, A. J. Elias, Basic organometallic chemistry. Concepts				
		syntheses and anlications. Universit	ties Press		
		syntheses and aplications, Universities Press			
	Supplementary literature - D. Astruc. Organometallic chemistry and catalysis. Springer				
	ercesources addresses				

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	 Phosphines and amines are important ligands in coordination chemistry. Give one example each for a phosphine and an amine. Give their names, Lewis structure, molecular shape, and nitrogen-phosphorus structure of the oxidation products. Describe how phosphines and amines bind to transition metal ions (describe similarities and differences in the nature of the bonds). The following pairs of complexes are given. Determine which of the complexes is more stable in a given pair using the theory of soft and hard Lewis acids. Justify your answer. Give names for the complexes listed. [FeF6]³⁻ i [FeCl6]³⁻ [Hgl4]²⁻ i [HgCl4]²⁻ [Pt(NEt3)4] i [Pt(PEt3)4] Describe the structure and methods for obtaining NHC-carbenes using a selected carbene as an example. A student, while synthesizing a compound sensitive to oxidation and hydrolysis, needs to transfer a large amount of solution rone reaction flask to another. Help the student: write what equipment is needed and describe the procedure for transferring a large amount of solution under the required conditions. You can make an illustrative drawing.
Work placement	Not applicable

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