



Subject card

Subject name and code	Game theory, PG_00069466						
Field of study	Mathematics						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject		2025/2026		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Specialty subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits		4.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Nonlinear Analysis and Statistics -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics -> Wydział Politechniki Gdańskiej						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. Zdzisław Dzedzej				
	Teachers		dr hab. Zdzisław Dzedzej				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	60
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
	eNauczanie source addresses: Moodle ID: 1066 Teoria gier 25-26 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/2025/course/view.php?id=1066						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	60		5.0		35.0	100
Subject objectives	<p>The aim of the subject is to familiarize students with different aspects of game theory and their applications to different fields of science, for example, to economics (insurance, bargaining, negotiations) or biology (population dynamics). Among others students should master such notions like equilibrium, optimal strategy and different techniques of game solving.</p> <p>During seminars additional applications aspects like combinatorial games will be touched.and basic effects as game solving will be trained</p>						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K7_U09] constructs mathematical models used in specific advanced applications of mathematics, can use stochastic processes as a tool for modeling phenomena and analyzing their evolution, constructs mathematical models used in specific advanced applications of mathematics, uses stochastic processes as a tool for modeling phenomena and analyzing their evolution, recognizes mathematical structures in physical theories	Presentation of some application of game theory	[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task
	[K7_W02] has enhanced knowledge of a selected branch of mathematics, theoretical or applied, knows classical definitions and theorems and their proofs and connections with other fields, understands problems being examined	Solving of small games, linear programming	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation
Subject contents	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Uncertainty and chance, decision making under uncertainty, two-person matrix games.2. Strategic form games, applications, Nash equilibrium, zero sum matrix game, saddle points.3. Solving matrix games with mixed strategies.4. Graphs and trees, single-person decisions.5. Sequential games, the structure of sequential games.6. Sequential games with perfect information.7. Sequential games with imperfect information.8. Coalitional games- Shapley value.9. Games with more than two strategies, equilibria and stability.10. Combinatorial games11. Linear programming		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Calculus I and II, linear algebra, elements of probability theory and statistics		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	general activity	0.0%	10.0%
	seminar presentation	0.0%	30.0%
	Test	50.0%	60.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. M. DeVoss, D. Kent, Game Theory, AMS 20162. Philip Straffin, Teoria gier, Scholar 2001.3. James N. Webb, Game Theory. Decisions, Interaction and Evolution, Springer 20074. Tadeusz Płatkowski, Wstęp do teorii gier, Uniwersytet Warszawski, 2012.5. G. Owen, Teoria gier, PWN 1975.	
	Supplementary literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. J. Hofbauer, K. Sigmund, Evolutionary Games and Population Dynamics, Cambridge UP 2002.2. J. Watson, Strategia. Wprowadzenie do teorii gier, WNT 2005.3. S. Stahl, A gentle introduction to game theory, AMS 1998.4. M. J. Osborne, A. Rubinstein, A course in game theory, MIT Press 1998.5. A. Karlin, Y. Peres, Game Theory, Alive, AMS 2017	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Write the following game as a bi-matrix game and solve it: Two firms (A and B) decide whether to design the device they sell to use K1 or K2 extensions. Both players will sell more devices if their products are compatible. If they both choose for K1 extension the payoffs will be 2 for each. If they both choose for K2 extension the payoffs will be 1 for each. If they choose different extensions the payoffs will be 1 for each.2. Finding Nash equilibria: A man has two sons. When he dies, the value of his estate (after tax) is 100000 zł. In his will it states that the two sons must each specify a sum of money s_i that they are willing to accept. If $s_1 + s_2 > 100000$, then each gets the sum he asked for and the remainder (if there is any) goes to the local home for spoiled cats. If $s_1 + s_2 \leq 100000$, then neither son receives any money and the entire sum of 100000 zł goes to the cats home. Assume that (i) the two men care only about the amount of money they will inherit, and (ii) they can only ask for whole zlotys. Find all the pure strategy Nash equilibria of this game..		
Work placement	Not applicable		