



## Subject card

Subject name and code	Dosimetry and Microdosimetry in Radiotherapy, PG_00069712						
Field of study	Nanotechnology						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject		2026/2027		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	3		Language of instruction		Polish -		
Semester of study	6		ECTS credits		2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Institute of Physics and Applied Computer Science -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics -> Wydział Politechniki Gdańskiej						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr Brygida Mielewska				
	Teachers						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	10.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	20
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	20		3.0		27.0	50
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to introduce students to the physical and radiobiological principles of ionizing radiation interactions with biological matter and their relevance in planning and evaluating the effectiveness of radiotherapy. Students will acquire knowledge and skills in dosimetry and microdosimetry, including computational and measurement methods, enabling the assessment of relative biological effectiveness in modern cancer therapies.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K6_W01] has knowledge of materials science and understands its key role in the progress of civilization		The student understands the phenomena related to dose deposition in matter, particularly in biological tissue, and their consequences in the context of cancer induction and treatment.		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	[K6_U06] can accurately present technological and scientific problems, related to the production and application of nanostructures, to specialists in related fields, and initiate and coordinate interdisciplinary cooperation.		The student is able to discuss the issues of modern radiotherapy tools using precise radiation beams (hadron therapy, nanoparticles in radiotherapy).		[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task		

Subject contents	1. Interaction of radiation with matter, including biological tissue 2. Physical foundations of radiotherapy 3. Radiobiological foundations of radiotherapy 4. Types of radiotherapy 5. Basic dosimetric quantities 6. Microdosimetry vs. dosimetry 7. Microdosimetric calculations in the assessment of relative biological effectiveness 8. Microdosimetric measurements 9. Microdosimetry in cancer therapy 10. Summary and module assessment		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	none		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	pral presentation	50.0%	50.0%
	final test	50.0%	50.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	C. Gunilla, C. Bentel, Nelson, Noell, Treatment Planning and Dose Calculation in Radiation Oncology, Elsevier 2014	
	Supplementary literature	L. Lindborg, A. Walker Microdosimetry Experimental Methods and Applications, wyd.Taylor&Francis 2017	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Discuss the basic quantities used in dosimetry and microdosimetry		
	Characterize dose deposition in proton therapy		
	Describe the BNCT method		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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