



Subject card

Subject name and code	CHEMISTRY OF SYNTHETIC DRUGS, PG_00066139						
Field of study	Chemia leków syntetycznych						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2026		Academic year of realisation of subject		2026/2027		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Specialty subject group		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits		3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Organic Chemistry -> Faculty of Chemistry -> Faculties of Gdańsk University of Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Krystyna Dzierzbicka				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	45		5.0		25.0	75
Subject objectives	Overview of synthesis of selected drugs from different pharmacological groups. Implementation of selected pharmaceutical preparations in accordance with <i>List of Preparations</i> containing a synthesis of single-stage, two-stage and multi-stage covering a variety of chemical processes for example: alkylation, acylation, nitration, sulfonation, esterification, oxidation, reduction.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K7_U04] develops and transmits technical information in the form of text documents, spreadsheets, graphs, technological diagrams and multimedia presentations, and prepares a speech including a multimedia presentation		The student has extended knowledge in the field of medicinal chemistry, organic chemistry and chemical synthesis of multi-step pharmaceutical compounds. The student is able to use the acquired knowledge to design drug synthesis schemes.		[SU4] Ocena umiejętności korzystania z metod i narzędzi [SU2] Ocena umiejętności analizy informacji [SU1] Ocena realizacji zadania		
	[K7_W01] recognizes problems of modern chemistry, including properties and obtaining chemical compounds, necessary for making calculations, including the dependence of the compound's structure and its reactivity		The student writes the correct synthetic names of drugs. The student identifies individual groups of drugs. The student classifies the mechanisms of organic reactions in the synthesis of pharmaceutical compounds.		[SW3] Ocena wiedzy zawartej w opracowaniu tekstowym i projektowym [SW2] Ocena wiedzy zawartej w prezentacji		
	[K7_K04] is aware of the responsibility for decisions made, observing and developing the principles of professional ethics and working to ensure compliance with these principles		The student has knowledge of drug chemistry. The student is able to make appropriate decisions regarding both the design and synthesis of pharmaceutical compounds.		[SK3] Ocena umiejętności organizacji pracy [SK2] Ocena postępów pracy [SK5] Ocena umiejętności rozwiązywania problemów występujących w praktyce		
	[K7_U03] plans and performs the synthesis of chemical compounds with the required properties		Student planning stages of several organic synthesis drugs.		[SU1] Ocena realizacji zadania [SU2] Ocena umiejętności analizy informacji [SU4] Ocena umiejętności korzystania z metod i narzędzi		

Subject contents	Course content – lecture 1. Discussion syntheses of selected drugs the following pharmacological groups: 1.1. analgesics and antipyretics drugs 1.2. antiviral drugs 1.3. anticancer drugs 1.4. cardiac drugs and hypertension drugs 1.5. antidiabetic drugs 1.6. psychotropic drugs, hypnotics and sedatives drugs 1.7. immunosuppressive drugs		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Student should possess background of organic chemistry and basic English to read reviews and original articles.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	The meeting of 60% of points with three the lecture-colloquias.	100.0%	50.0%
	Implementation of the planned syntheses of drugs according to the list.	100.0%	50.0%

Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. H.X. Ding et. al. Synthetic approaches to the 2013 new drugs. <i>Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry</i>, 2015, 23, 18951922. 2. Oryginalne artykuły z czasopism dotyczące zagadnień wykładowych podane na wykładzie, np. G.M. Keating <i>Drugs</i> 2014, 74, 207. 3. K. Dzierzbicka, D. Witt, <i>Chemia leków syntetycznych</i>. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Gdańskiej, Gdańsk 2019. 4. C.G. Wermuth, <i>The Practice of Medicinal Chemistry</i>. Elsevier 2004. 5. A. Zejca, M. Gorczyca (Red.), <i>Chemia leków</i>, Wyd. lek. PZWL, Warszawa 2008. 6. J. McMurry, <i>Chemia Organiczna</i>, PWN, Warszawa 2005. 7. T.W. Graham Salomons, <i>Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry</i>, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1990. 8. F.A. Carey, <i>Organic Chemistry</i>, McGraw-Hill, Inc. 2nd. ed., New York, 1992. 9. S. Biniecki, <i>Preparatyka środków leczniczych</i>. Podręcznik dla studentów farmacji. Warszawa PZWL 1983. 10. R.B. Silverman, <i>Chemia organiczna w projektowaniu leków</i>. Wydawnictwo Naukowo-Techniczne. Warszawa 2004. 11. T. Tkaczyński, D. Kaczyńska, <i>Synteza i Technologia Chemiczna Leków</i>. PZWL. Warszawa 1984. 12. J. Gawroński, K. Gawrońska, K. Kacprzak, M. Kwit, <i>Współczesna Synteza Organiczna. Wybór eksperymentów</i>, PWN, Warszawa 2004.
	Supplementary literature	1. J. McMurry, <i>Chemia Organiczna</i>, PWN, Warszawa 2005. 2. S. Biniecki, <i>Preparatyka środków leczniczych</i>. Podręcznik dla studentów farmacji. Warszawa PZWL 1983.
	eResources addresses	

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Student performs the synthesis of drugs, e.g. aspirin, paracetamol, salol, benzocaine, propranolol, phenytoin, lidocaine, cholamide. Present the mechanism of the various stages of acetylsalicylic acid synthesis. Starting from benzene, introduce the next steps for obtaining sulfanilamide. Give the structural formulas of three antihypertensive drugs that are angiotensin receptor antagonists.
Practical activities within the subject	Not applicable

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