



Subject card

Subject name and code	Refining and Petrochemical Technologies, PG_00066036						
Field of study	Technologie Rafineryjno-Petrochemiczne						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2026		Academic year of realisation of subject		2025/2026		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to practical vocational preparation		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits		4.0		
Learning profile	practical profile		Assessment form		exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Chemistry and Technology of Functional Materials -> Faculty of Chemistry -> Faculties of Gdańsk University of Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Anna Schmidt				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	20.0	0.0	30.0	15.0	15.0	80
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	80		5.0		15.0	100
Subject objectives	The student learns the practical aspects of the production of petroleum products. The student is able to combine theoretical knowledge with the processes of the refinery and petrochemical industry.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K7_U07] makes a preliminary economic assessment of the proposed solutions and engineering actions undertaken.		Student based on literature and lecture is able to propose improvements to the unit operation or process enabling better use of raw materials and reduction of waste.		[SU4] Ocena umiejętności korzystania z metod i narzędzi [SU3] Ocena umiejętności wykorzystania wiedzy uzyskanej w ramach przedmiotu [SU2] Ocena umiejętności analizy informacji		
	[K7_U08] develops and transmits technical information in the form of text documents, spreadsheets, graphs, technological diagrams and multimedia presentations, and prepares a speech with a multimedia presentation		The student is able to design a technological installation for selected unit operations or part of the process carried out at the refinery, taking into account technological principles and environmental considerations.		[SU4] Ocena umiejętności korzystania z metod i narzędzi [SU3] Ocena umiejętności wykorzystania wiedzy uzyskanej w ramach przedmiotu [SU2] Ocena umiejętności analizy informacji		
	[K7_W01] defines the basic processes occurring in technological devices and auxiliary devices, describes selected processes and unit operations and their methods and theories characterizing the complex relationships between them		Has knowledge in the field of technologies implemented in refineries and the petrochemical industry.		[SW3] Ocena wiedzy zawartej w opracowaniu tekstowym i projektowym [SW1] Ocena wiedzy faktograficznej		
	[K7_W02] identifies the problems of modern chemical engineering including the properties of energy carriers, lists the types of these carriers and outlines the prospects for their development		The student is able to use the raw materials of the petrochemical industry in the most rational way.		[SW3] Ocena wiedzy zawartej w opracowaniu tekstowym i projektowym [SW1] Ocena wiedzy faktograficznej		

Subject contents	Course content – lecture Basic aspects of safety in a plant processing hydrocarbon raw materials. Refinery industry raw materials. Geochemistry of crude oil and natural gas deposits. Extraction and preparation for transporting oil and natural gas. Storage. Catalysts of the refining industry. Hydrotreating, isomerisation of gasolines. Catalytic reforming. Hydrocracking and catalytic cracking. Hydrogen production. Light hydrocarbon conversion. Production of oil bases, lubricants, hydraulic fluids and asphalts. Steam cracking. Production of polyethylene and polypropylene. Separation and application of aromatic compounds. Processes of thermal conversion of heavy fractions. The process of delayed coking and Visbreaking. Treatment of sewage, waste gases and management of solid waste.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Basic knowledge in the field of unit operations: distillation, extraction, crystallization and processes: hydrogenation, dehydrogenation, aromatization, isomerization, alkylation and hydrotreating. Apparatus of the chemical industry.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	project (15 hours); multimedia presentation and / or written study	0.0%	15.0%
	seminar (15 hours), multimedia presentation, report	0.0%	15.0%
	Written exam (2 hours)	60.0%	55.0%
	laboratory (30 hours); written test and reports	0.0%	15.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. Edward Grzywa and Jacek Molenda "Technology of basic organic syntheses" Wydawnictwo Naukowo-Techniczne, Warsaw 2000 and later editions 2. Collective work edited by Ludwik Synoradzki and Jerzy Wisiański "Design of technological processes" Publishing House of the Warsaw University of Technology, Warsaw 2006 3. Collective work edited by Jan Surygała "Vademecum refinera" Scientific and Technical Publishers, Warsaw 2006 4. Maria Ziólek, Izabela Nowak "Heterogeneous catalysis - selected issues for laboratory exercises" Wydawnictwo Naukowe UAM, Poznań 5. Lectures conducted by employees of LOTOS grup.	
	Supplementary literature	1. Romuald Bogoczek and Elżbieta Kociołek-Balawejder "Organic chemical technology" Publisher of the University of Economics in Wrocław, Wrocław 1992 2. Congress and conference materials. 3. Patents 4. Magazines dedicated to energy carriers (oil and natural gas).	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	1. Compare hydrogen production technologies. List the main pros and cons of known processes (steam reforming of methane and light hydrocarbons; gasification of coal and residues from crude oil processing; electrolysis of water and aqueous hydroxide solutions). 2. Methods of hydrocarbon exploration and extraction. Type of reservoir rocks, differences between conventional and unconventional deposits. Oil exploration methods, estimating potential resources. Drilling and methods of mining the deposit. 3. Refinery operating rules. Energy and auxiliary utilities (electricity, water and steam systems, air and nitrogen, heating gas and heating oil). 4. Thermal cracing, catalytic cracing and hydrocracking. Raw materials, process flow, products. 5. Production of gasoline and diesel oil.		
Practical activites within the subject	Not applicable		

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