

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Surface Phenomena and Industrial Catalytic Processes, PG_00064295									
Field of study	ZJAWISKA POWIERZCHNIOWE I PRZEMYSŁOWE PROCESY KATALITYCZNE									
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Date of commencement of studies	February 2026		Academic year of realisation of subject			2026/2027				
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study				
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university				
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish				
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			5.0				
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment				
Conducting unit	Department of Physic	> Faculty of Chemistry -> Faculties of Gdańsk University of Technology								
Name and surname	Subject supervisor	prof. dr hab. inż. Adam Kloskowski								
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers									
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	:t	Seminar	SUM		
, i	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	30.0		0.0	75		
	E-learning hours inclu	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM		
	Number of study hours	75		5.0		45.0		125		
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize the student who already knows a number of detailed solutions in the field applications of surface phenomena and catalysis in industrial processes with general principles allowing for the creative application of these phenomena.									
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification					
	[K7_W04] recognises scientific, technological, organisational and economic opportunities and constraints in technology and related fields		The student recognizes scientific, technological, organizational and economic possibilities and limitations in technology and related fields.			[SW3] Ocena wiedzy zawartej w opracowaniu tekstowym i projektowym [SW1] Ocena wiedzy faktograficznej				
	[K7_U04] predicts the properties of the materials obtained and the course of processes involving them, based on knowledge of technology and related fields and computer methods of data analysis, modelling and simulation		The student predicts the properties of the obtained materials and the course of processes involving them based on knowledge of technology and related fields as well as computer methods of data analysis, modeling and simulation		[SU2] Ocena umiejętności analizy informacji [SU1] Ocena realizacji zadania					
	[K7_K03] can interact and work in a group, taking on a variety of roles		The student is able to cooperate and work in a group, assuming different roles in it.			[SK3] Ocena umiejętności organizacji pracy [SK1] Ocena umiejętności pracy w grupie				
	[K7_U07] takes into account ethical issues and regulations in research planning and product and process design		The student takes into account ethical issues and regulations in research planning and designing technological products and processes.			[SU1] Ocena realizacji zadania				

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Subject contents	Course content – lecture LECTURE: Theoretical foundations of surface phenomena: surface tension, adsorption. Methods determination of surface tension. Work of cohesion and adhesion. The surface tension of the solutions i its modification. The use of capillary phenomena and surface tension in technology (flotation, foam). Physical adsorption and chemisorption. Gibbs, Langmuir, Freundlich, BET adsorption isotherms, Frumkin, Tiomkin. Types and classification of adsorbents; their production on an industrial scale. Applications of activated carbons, silica gels and aluminogels in technology. Chemically modified activated carbons (iodized, silvered), their characteristics and industrial applications. Molecular sieves (zeolites and carbon screens). Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis. Adsorption as a preliminary stage of catalysis heterogeneous. Basic types of heterogeneous catalysts (contacts), their desired characteristics and components. The main theories of catalysis and mechanisms of surface reactions. Designing, receiving, operation and examples of applications of heterogeneous catalysts. Kinetics of controlled processes transport. The importance of adsorption in electrochemical processes. Electrocatalysis. Surface engineering - modern techniques of surface modification in the preparation of catalysts. Selected research techniques surface.  Course content – exercises EXERCISES: Performing calculations in the field of surface tension, adsorption and kinetics of controlled reactions transport and catalytic reactions.  Course content – project PROJECT The aim of the design labs is to acquire the skills of performing a quantitative relationship between chemical structure and catalytic activity (QSAR) for new chemical compounds and to learn about modern programming tools used for this purpose. The labs are divided into two thematic blocks:  1) Familiarizing students with the possibilities of using data analysis tools available in the ORANGE DATA MINING package  2) Carrying out modeling using the ORANGE package an					
Prerequisites	(MOLDEN, MOPAC, RDKit)  Knowledge of general, inorganic, organic and physical chemistry at the first-cycle level					
and co-requisites  Assessment methods Subject passing crit and criteria		Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and ontona		50.0%	50.0%			
		50.0%	25.0%			
		70.0%	25.0%			
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol> <li>J. Ościk, Adsorpcja, WNT, Warsz</li> <li>E. T. Dutkiewicz, Fizykochemia p 1998.</li> <li>B. Grzybowska-Świerkosz, "Elem Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warsz</li> <li>F. Próchnik, "Kataliza homogenic PWN, Warszawa 1993.</li> <li>M. Ziółek, I. Nowak, "Kataliza het zagadnienia", Wydawnictwo UAM, F</li> <li>M. Najbar (red.), "Fizykochemiczi kontaktowych", Wydawnictwo Uniwe 2000.</li> <li>T. Puzyn, A. Mostrąg-Szlichtyng, Chemometryczne w ocenie ryzyka: strukturą chemiczą a właściwościan zanieczyszczeń chemicznych. Cher Kraków, (2009).</li> <li>M. Cronin, The Current Status an Quantitative Structure- Activity Rela Toxicity. ATLA (2002) 30: 81-84.</li> <li>J. Diao, Y. Li, S. Shi, Y. Sun, Y. S Toxicity of Polychlorinated Dibenzo- Quantum Chemical Descriptors. Bu 85:109115.</li> </ol>	nenty katalizy heterogenicznej", szawa 1993.  szna", Wydawnictwo Naukowe  erogeniczna. Wybrane Poznań 1999.  ne metody badań katalizatorów ersytetu Jagiellońskiego, Kraków  N. Suzuki, M. Harańczyk, Metody llościowe zależności pomiędzy ni (QSPR) dla nowych rodzajów mometria w nauce i praktyce.  dd Future Applicability of tionships (QSARs) in Predicting p-dioxins and Dibenzofurans Using			

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	Supplementary literature	P.C. Niemenz, R. Rajagopalan, Principles of Colloid and Surface Chemistry, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, Basel, Hong Kong 1997.     J. Hagen, S. Hawkins Industrial Catalysis: A Practical Approach, John Wiley & Son, Ltd; 1999.     R. I. Wijngaarden, K. R. Westerterp, A. Kronberg, Industrial Catalysis. Optimizing of Catalysts and Processes, Wiley-VCH Verlag 1998.     A. Wieckowski (red.), Interfacial Electrochemistry, Marcel Dekker, New York 1999.			
	eResources addresses				
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Methods of measuring surface tension.  The influence of the size of the interface area on the rate of heterogeneous reaction  Physical adsorption and chemisorption isotherms, isobars and adsorption isosteres  Adsorption theories  Porous materials Instrumental methods of surface analysis				
Practical activites within the subject	Not applicable				

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