



Subject card

Subject name and code	Construction Materials, PG_00060504						
Field of study	Design and Construction of Yachts						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2026	Academic year of realisation of subject				2026/2027	
Education level	first-cycle studies	Subject group				Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study	
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery				at the university	
Year of study	1	Language of instruction				Polish	
Semester of study	1	ECTS credits				6.0	
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form				exam	
Conducting unit	Institute of Naval Architecture -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology -> Faculties of Gdańsk University of Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Milena Supernak				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	45.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	75
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	75		8.0		67.0	150
Subject objectives	Presentation of knowledge in the field of metal science and materials science, taking into account selected technological aspects. To familiarize students with materials used in the construction of floating and ocean engineering facilities. Acquiring the ability to analyze structural phenomena and effects occurring in selected material groups that determine their functional properties.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K6_U05] able to formulate a simple engineering task and its specification in the field of yacht design, construction, and operation		The student defines the properties of materials. The student identifies the basic properties of metallic materials. The student identifies the types of crystal structure research: macroscopic and microscopic. The student defines the phase and structural components of Fe-C alloys. The student defines iron alloys, aluminum alloys and copper alloys.		[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment		
	[K6_W03] has knowledge of hydromechanics, thermodynamics, machine design, ecology, materials science necessary to understand the principles of construction and operation of ocean engineering facilities and equipment		The student has sufficient knowledge of materials science and is able to integrate it with knowledge from other teaching subjects in order to use it in a comprehensive process of designing a structure or technological process based on sustainable development.		[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
Subject contents	Course content – lecture 1. Materials and their importance in technology. Characteristics of the main groups of materials 2.. Characteristics of solids. Structure of materials. Structure defects. 3. Structure of metal alloys. 4. Phase equilibrium systems. Iron-carbon system. 5. Iron-carbon alloys. 6.Heat treatment. Thermo-chemical treatment. 7. Alloy steels. 8. Standardization and classification and marking systems for steel and cast iron. 9.Copper and copper alloys. 10.Aluminum and aluminum alloys. 11. Bearing Feet.12. Degradation of metal materials. 13. Polymer materials. 14. Composite materials. 15. Ceramic Materials. 16. Corrosion of materials. 17. Basics of material design						
Prerequisites and co-requisites							

Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Participation in the laboratory	60.0%	50.0%
	Written examination	60.0%	50.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Głowacka M., Zieliński A.: Fundamentals of Materials Science. WPG, Gdańsk 2011</li> <li>Dobrzański L.A.: Basics of materials science and metal science.. WNT, Warsaw, 2002</li> </ul>	
	Supplementary literature	<p>Dobrzański L.A.: Metal engineering materials, WNT Warszawa 2004  Dobrzański L.A.: Engineering materials and material design, WNT Warszawa 2006  M. Blicharski: Introduction to materials engineering, WNT, Warsaw 2001  Ciszewski A. et al.: Materialoznawstwo, Oficyna ed. Warsaw University of Technology, Warsaw 2006  PRS - Regulations for the classification and construction of maritime yachts</p>	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Charakterystyczne cechy metali</li> <li>Podział metali wg kryterium ciężaru i temperatury topnienia</li> <li>Elementy struktury materiałów</li> <li>Rodzaje wiązań w materiałach</li> <li>Definicja fazy oraz roztworu stałego</li> <li>Pojęcie mieszaniny eutektycznej i eutektoidalnej.</li> <li>Składniki fazowe i strukturalne w układzie Fe-C.</li> <li>Przemiana eutektoidalna</li> <li>Przemiana eutektyczna</li> </ol> <p>10. Stal podeutektoidalna, stal eutektoidalna, stal nadeutektoidalna</p> <p>11. Martenzyt i przemiana martenzytyczna.</p> <p>12. Sposoby wyżarzania z przemianą alotropową.</p> <p>13. Sposoby wyżarzania bez przemiany alotropowej.</p> <p>14. Sposoby hartowania.</p> <p>15. Sposoby odpuszczania.</p> <p>16. Od czego zależy temperatura wyżarzania, dla stali niestopowych?</p> <p>17. Wykresy CTP; podaj przykład dla stali.</p> <p>18. Degradacja korozyjna stali austenitycznych</p> <p>19. Stan pasywny stali</p> <p>20. Żarowytrzymałość i żaroodporność.</p>		
Practical activities within the subject	Not applicable		

Document generated electronically. Does not require a seal or signature.