



Subject card

Subject name and code	Optical Sensors and Advanced Measurement Methods I, PG_00056983						
Field of study	Electronics and Telecommunications						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2027	Academic year of realisation of subject				2026/2027	
Education level	second-cycle studies	Subject group				Optional subject group Specialty subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study	
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery				at the university	
Year of study	1	Language of instruction				Polish	
Semester of study	1	ECTS credits				2.0	
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form				assessment	
Conducting unit	Metrology and Electronic Systems Department -> Faculty of Electronics Telecommunications and Informatics -> Faculties of Gdańsk University of Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr inż. Adam Mazikowski					
	Teachers	dr inż. Adam Mazikowski					
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours	Self-study	SUM		
	Number of study hours	30	4.0	16.0	50		
Subject objectives	Provision of knowledge in the field of construction, classification and principle of operation of selected optical sensors, networks of these sensors and distributed optical fiber sensors as well as optical advanced measurement methods.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome			Method of verification		
	[K7_W02] knows and understands, to an increased extent, selected laws of physics and physical phenomena, as well as methods and theories explaining the complex relationships between them, constituting advanced general knowledge in the field of technical sciences related to the field of study	The student knows selected laws and physical phenomena used in optical sensors, as well as the physical basis of advanced optical measurement methods.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	[K7_W03] knows and understands, to an increased extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum	The student knows the general structure of optical sensors, classifies optical sensors, describes the principle of operation of intensity, phase and polarimetric sensors. The student presents the types and principles of operation of fiber-optic distributed sensors and fiber optic sensor networks. The student is able to present the construction and principle of operation of advanced measurement methods.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		

Subject contents	<p>Course content – lecture</p> <p>1. Introduction. Construction of sensors. Transfer functions, basic properties. 2. Classification of sensors. 3. Intensity sensors phenomena employed in sensors. 4. Sensors employing absorption, reflectance, thermochromic effect. 5. Sensors employing modifications of propagation conditions. 6. Sensors employing photoluminescence. 7. Sensors employing optical tunneling and surface plasmon resonance. 8. Sensors using detection of thermal radiation. 9. Example designs of intensity sensors. 10. Phase sensors. 11. Phase modulation methods in singlemode fibres. 12. Phase demodulation techniques. 13. Temporal and spatial coherence of light beams. Autocorrelation and cross-correlation functions. Interference of partially coherent beams. 14. Transfer function of Mach-Zehnder and Michelson interferometers. 15. Homodyne and heterodyne detection of output signal from an optical sensor. 16. White light interferometers output signal detection and processing. 17. Selected applications of interferometers: temperature and stress measurement, optical fibre gyroscopes. 18. Polarimetric optical sensors. 19. Sensors with electrically controlled birefringence. 20. Sensors using optical activity. 21. Selected examples of polarimetric optical fibre sensors. 22. Sensors using selected nonlinear phenomena in optical fibres. 23. Sensors using spontaneous and stimulated Raman scattering in optical fibres. 24. Sensors using spontaneous and stimulated Brillouin scattering in optical fibres. 25. The use of spontaneous and stimulated Raman and Brillouin scattering in distributed optical fibre sensors. 26. Fibre Bragg Gratings, properties and classification. 27. Fibre Bragg Gratings as transducers of physical quantities. 28. Quasi-distributed sensors using Fibre Bragg Gratings. 29. Sensor networks. Multiplexing methods. 30. Time-domain multiplexing. 31. Frequency-domain multiplexing. 32. Wavelength-domain multiplexing. 33. Advanced measurement methods. 34. X-ray interferometry</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	No requirements		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
Recommended reading	Basic literature	T. Pustelny: Physical and technical aspects of optoelectronic sensors, Wyd. Politechniki Śląskiej, Gliwice 2005. Z. Kaczmarek: Światłowodowe czujniki i przetworniki pomiarowe, Agenda Wydawnicza PAK, Warszawa 2006	
	Supplementary literature	No requirements	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/example questions/tasks being completed	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of intensity optical sensors.		
Practical activities within the subject	Not applicable		

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