



Subject card

Subject name and code	GEOINFORMATICS OF URBANISED AREAS, PG_00044856						
Field of study	Geodesy and Cartography						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2026	Academic year of realisation of subject				2028/2029	
Education level	first-cycle studies	Subject group				Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study	
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery				at the university	
Year of study	3	Language of instruction				Polish	
Semester of study	5	ECTS credits				6.0	
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form				assessment	
Conducting unit	Department of Geodesy -> Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering -> Faculties of Gdańsk University of Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor						
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	60
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	60		8.0		82.0	150
Subject objectives	The student learns the basics of Spatial Information Systems - GIS. They learn how to handle vector data in GIS software. He or she performs data control on the basis of topological relations. The student gets acquainted with network analyses, basics of graph theory and the way the Dijkstra algorithm works. During the course the student will learn how to create their own network in ArcGIS environment and will perform analyses based on the created network.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K6_U05] is able to develop a simple algorithm and prepare a simple program in object-oriented language taking into account the geodetic specifics and the specificity of spatial information systems		Can perform spatial data analysis on vector and raster data.				
[K6_W10] has elementary knowledge and understands the concepts of architecture and urban planning, construction, environmental engineering and transport necessary to carry out studies related to planning and investment service		The student knows the methods uses of measurement geodetic in communication.					
Subject contents	Course content – lecture Geoinformatics - introduction, basic concepts, tasks. Spatial data models. Spatial databases. Design of GIS systems. Metadata. Spatial analysis of GIS. Network analyses. Networks as graphs. Optimal path algorithms. Flow modelling. Ant colony algorithm. Quality of geoinformatics data. Geoinformation uncertainty						
Prerequisites and co-requisites							
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria		Passing threshold		Percentage of the final grade		
	Colloquium		60.0%		70.0%		
	Report		80.0%		30.0%		

Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Stateczny A. (ed.), Comparative navigation methods. Gdańsk Scientific Society, Gdansk, 2004. - Stateczny A., Praczyk T., Artificial neural networks in recognition of marine objects. GTN, Gdansk, 2002. - Stateczny A., Comparative Navigation. GTN Gdańsk, 2001. - Bielecka E., Geographic information systems. Theory and applications. P.JWSTK Publishing House, Warsaw 2006. - Burrough P., McDonnell A., Principles of Geographical Information Systems. Oxford University Press, New York 2004. - Davis D., GIS for everyone. MICON Publishing House, Warsaw 2004. - Eckes K., Models and analysis in spatial information systems. Wydawnictwa AGH University of Science and Technology, Cracow 2006. - El-Sheimy N., Valeo C., Habib A., Digital Terrain Modelling. Acquisition, manipulation, and aplikations. Artech House, Boston 2005. - Gaździcki J., Geomatical Lexicon. Polish Society The Institute for Spatial Information, Warsaw 2003. - Kraak M., Ormeling F., Cartography, data visualisation spatial, PWN, 1998. - Kwiecień J., Geographic Information Systems. Basics. ATR Publishing House in Bydgoszcz, Bydgoszcz 2004. - Li Z., Zhu Q., Gold Ch., Digital Terrain Modeling. Principles and methodology. CRC PRESS, Boca Raton 2005. - Litwin L., Myrda G., Geographic Information Systems. Spatial data management in GIS, SIP, SIT, LIS. HELION Publishing House, 2005. - Longley P., Goodchil M., Maguire D., Hind. D., GIS theory and practice. PWN Warszawa 2006. - Magnuszewski A., GIS in physical geography. PWN, 1999.
	Supplementary literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geoinformation software manuals • Articles in scientific journals such as Remote Sensing, Sensors, Journal of Geo-Information, Journal of Geodesy, Geoinformatics, IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing,
	eResources addresses	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Geoinformatics, geoinformation, SIP, SIT 2. Stages of GIS construction and features of a good GIS system 3. Spatial analyses - definition, stages of implementation process, division. 4. Spatial analyses relevant from the geoinformatics point of view 5. Classic network analysis problems. 6. Determining the shortest path in the raster model. 7. Angle sum algorithm and parity algorithm. 8. Determining the position of a point relative to a polygon 9. Three-dimensional analysis 10. Networks as graphics. 11. Optimal path algorithms (A*, Dijkstra, Bellman-Ford). 12. Flow modelling. 13. Formal algorithm. 14. Sources of geographical data errors. 15. Causes and types of errors. 16. Spatial data emats. 17. Simple and topological vector model. 18. Continuous objects 19. Discuss the stages of geobase design. 20. Discuss the design stages of GIS systems. 21. Division of spatial analysis and spatial modelling types. 22. Metadata - definition, purpose, functions. 23. Standardization of metadata. 24. Search, recognition and application metadata. 25. Data quality components. 26. Data quality parameters. 27. Data quality elements of spatial data. 28. Data quality characteristics of good quality data. 29. Model of internal data quality problems and data availability problems. 30. Data quality testing in geoinformation systems. 	
Practical activites within the subject	Not applicable	

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