



Subject card

Subject name and code	, PG_00069092						
Field of study	Technical Physics, Materials Engineering, Mathematics, Materials Engineering, Nanotechnology, Nanotechnology, Materials Engineering						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject			2026/2027	
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group				
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university	
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish	
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits			1.0	
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment	
Conducting unit	Department of Solid State Physics -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics -> Faculties of Gdańsk University of Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Jarosław Rybicki				
	Teachers		prof. dr hab. inż. Jarosław Rybicki				
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	15		2.0		8.0	25
Subject objectives	The objective of the course is to familiarize students with the evolution of ideas about the universe in the whole history of humanity: from the prehistoric times (outline of selected mythologies of peoples, the structure of myth), the ideas of the ancient Greeks; medieval, Renaissance cosmology and cosmography, until the early modern times (Copernicus, Galileo, Kepler, Newton) and further development in the 20 th and 21 st centuries, up to the present time (the discovery of dark energy and dark matter).						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification	
	[K7_K101] acknowledges the importance of knowledge related to the field of study in solving cognitive and practical problems, critically assessing the information obtained		The student is prepared to critically evaluate information concerning astronomy and cosmology and recognizes the importance of scientific knowledge in analysing cognitive problems related to the nature and structure of the Universe, taking into account its limitations and philosophical implications.			[SK3] Assessment of ability to organize work	
	[K7_W101] is able to make an in-depth identification of key objects and phenomena related to the field of study, as well as theories that describe them and applicable analytical and design methods		The student knows and understands, at an advanced level, key concepts and achievements in astronomy and cosmology, from ancient views of the world to contemporary models of the Universe, and understands the fundamental theories and methods underlying their formulation and verification			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge	
	[K7_U101] is able to formulate complex research problems and adopts appropriate methods, obtaining innovative solutions, cooperating with other people, both as a leader and a team member		The student knows and understands, at an advanced level, key concepts and achievements in astronomy and cosmology, from ancient views of the world to contemporary models of the Universe, and understands the fundamental theories and methods underlying their formulation and verification			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject	

Subject contents	Course content – lecture Main topics: The structure of myth, the heterogeneity of time and space, the sacred and the profane. Prehistoric astronomy. Non-Western ancient cosmographies and cosmologies (Oceania, the Americas, India, Africa) and Western cosmographies and cosmologies (Babylonian, Egyptian, Judeo-Christian, Greco-Roman). The world of Aristotle and Ptolemy. Achievements of ancient astronomy. Medieval and Renaissance cosmography. Islamic cosmography. The Copernican Revolution and its significance. The beginnings of the modern view of the world (Galileo, Kepler). The essence of the dispute between the new and old astronomy. Hooke, Newton, Descartes. Astronomy in the 19th century. The history of modern astronomy and cosmology. The discovery of Hubble's law and its significance. Astronomical and cosmological implications of the general theory of relativity. The development of the Big Bang theory and the inflationary universe. The discovery of the cosmic microwave background radiation and its significance. The beginnings of relativistic cosmology. The birth, life and death of stars and galaxies. The large-scale structure of the cosmos. The discovery of dark energy and dark matter. Concepts of multiverses and parallel worlds and their philosophical implications. The anthropic principles. The mathematical nature of the world. Logic as a physical variable.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
		50.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	M. Eliade, Mit, sacrum, historia (wskazane rozdziały) A.K. Wróblewski, Historia fizyki (wskazane rozdziały) M. Hoskin, Historia astronomii (wskazane rozdziały) M. Heller, Ostateczne wyjaśnienie wszechświata (wskazane rozdziały)	
	Supplementary literature	Internet Resources	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Discuss the concept of myth. Discuss Ptolemy's model of the universe. Discuss the earliest measurements of distances between celestial bodies. Debates over the sphericity and motion of the Earth. Discuss the essence of the Copernican Revolution. The discovery of background radiation and its impact on the development of cosmology. Lemaitre's cosmology. Dark matter and dark energy. The discovery of cosmic background radiation and its impact on the development of cosmology. Translated with DeepL.com (free version)		
Practical activities within the subject	Not applicable		

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