GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	CFD modeling and simulations, PG_00064754		
Field of study	Power Engineering, Power Engineering		
Date of commencement of studies	February 2027	Academic year of realisation of subject	2027/2028
Education level	second-cycle studies	Subject group	Specialty subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery	at the university
Year of study	1	Language of instruction	Polish
Semester of study	2	ECTS credits	2.0
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form	assessment
Conducting unit	Department of Geotechnical and Hydraulic Engineering -> Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering -> Faculties of Gdańsk University of Technology		
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr hab. inż. Dariusz Gąsiorowski	
	Teachers	dr hab. inż. Dariusz Gąsiorowski dr inż. Wojciech Artichowicz	

Lesson types

Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	30

E-learning hours included: 0.0

Learning activity and number of study hours

Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours	Self-study	SUM
Number of study hours	30	7.0	13.0	50

Subject objectives

Mastering the basic computational techniques of the fluid dynamics used in heating and ventilation systems.

Learning outcomes

Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
[K7_W04] demonstrates knowledge encompassing selected issues in the field of advanced detailed knowledge, particularly in the scope of methods, techniques, tools, and algorithms specific to Power Engineering	The student describes the solution of an engineering problem using computer modeling based on Computationl Fluid Dynamics techniques.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
[K7_W02] demonstrates structured and theory supported knowledge encompassing key issues in the field of Power Engineering, enabling modeling and analysis of energy systems, machines and devices, transmission grids and internal installations	The student formulates the problem of solving equations describing problems related to the flows in systems such as waterflow in a pipeline with heatexchange, flow in ventilation ducts.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
[K7_U01] utilizes acquired analytical, simulation, and experimental methods, as well as mathematical models for analysis and evaluation of energy systems, machines and devices, transmission grids and internal installations	The student is able to use knowledge of the basics of numerical methods and mathematical methods to describe and analyze installations.	[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools

<table>
<tr><td>Subject contents</td><td>Course content – lecture

LECTURE: Basic physical properties of fluids. General equations describing fluid dynamics models. Compressible viscous fluid model. Simplified models of fluid dynamics: an incompressible inviscid flow and an incompressible viscous flow. Laminar and turbulent flow. Boundary layer in incompressible and compressible fluid models for laminar and turbulent flow. Determination of an averaged characteristics of turbulent flow. Reynolds equations. Basic models of turbulence. Classification of equations. Formulating problems of solving fluid dynamics equations - correct setting of boundary conditions. Fluid dynamics equations in the curvilinear coordinate system. Transformation between physical and computational coordinate systems. Generating numerical grids.Numerical solution of differential equations with partial derivatives. Finite difference method, finite element method, finite volume method, control volume method. Accuracy and stability of a numerical solution: numerical diffusion error and numerical dispersion error. Effectiveness of the numerical solution. Parallelization of the computation process using multiprocessor computers. Techniques of decomposition with respect to space and processes.Solution of the problem of water flow in a pipeline with variable geometry, taking into account heat transfer. Solutions to the problem of free and forced air convection in a room. Solving the problem of flow in the ventilation duct. Solutions to the problem of smoke spreading in the building.

LABORATORY: Learning computer modeling with ANSYS Fluent software. Modeling of water flow in a pipeline with variable geometry including heat transfer. Modeling of convective air flow in a room.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites and co-requisites</td><td>Knowledge from the lectures: Mathematics, Basic Computer Science, Fluid Mechanics, Numerical Methods.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Assessment methods and criteria</td><td><table>
<tr><th>Subject passing criteria</th><th>Passing threshold</th><th>Percentage of the final grade</th></tr>
<tr><td>Test</td><td>60.0%</td><td>50.0%</td></tr>
<tr><td>Laboratory reports</td><td>60.0%</td><td>50.0%</td></tr>
</table></td></tr>
<tr><td>Recommended reading</td><td><table>
<tr><td>Basic literature</td><td>Fletcher C.A.J.: Computational Techniques for Fluid Mechanics Volume 1, Fundamental and General Techniques. Springer, 1991.

Fletcher C.A.J.: Computational Techniques for Fluid Mechanics Volume 2, Specific Techniques for Different Flow Categories. Springer, 1991.

Fletcher C.A.J.: Computational Techniques for Fluid Mechanics Volume 3, A Solution Manual. Springer, 1991.

Patankar S.V.: Numerical Heat Transfer and Fluid Flow. McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1980</td></tr>
<tr><td>Supplementary literature</td><td>Szymkiewicz R., Huang Suiliang, Szymkiewicz A.: Introduction to Computational Engineering Hydraulics, Gdańsk University of Technology, 2016</td></tr>
<tr><td>eResources addresses</td><td></td></tr>
</table></td></tr>
<tr><td>Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed</td><td>Determination of the temperature distribution for the convective air flow

Generating a numerical grid in three-dimensional space.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Practical activites within the subject</td><td>Not applicable</td></tr>
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